**OXFORD** 

# fourth edition English File

Workbook

WITH KEY

Christina Latham-Koenig Clive Oxenden Jerry Lambert with Jane Hudson



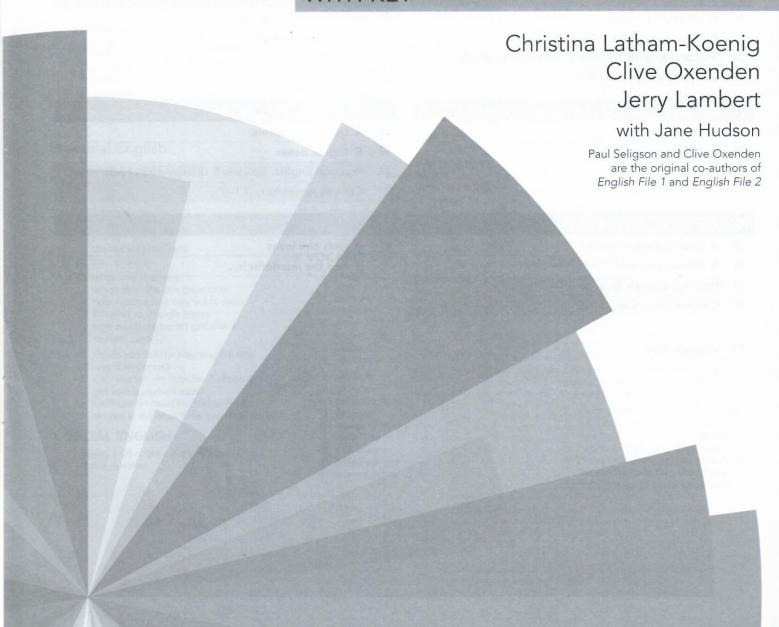


OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS

# English File fourth edition

Workbook

WITH KEY



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# digi ZABAN How to use your Workbook and Online Practice

# English File

#### Student's Book

Use your Student's Book in class with your teacher.







#### Workbook

Practise *Grammar*, *Vocabulary*, and *Pronunciation* for every lesson.

#### **Online Practice**

Look again at the Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation from the Student's Book before you do the Workbook exercises.

Listen to the audio for the Pronunciation exercises.

Use the Sound Bank videos to practise English sounds.



Watch the Practical English videos before you do the exercises.

Use the interactive video for more Practical English practice.

Do the *Can you remember...?* exercises to check that you remember the Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation every two Files.

Look again at the Grammar, Vocabulary and Pronunciation if you have any problems.

Practise Reading, Listening, Speaking and Writing.

Anything is good if it's made of chocolate. Jo Brand, British comedian

G present simple and continuous, action and non-action verbs V food and cooking P short and long vowel sounds

1	VOCABULARY	food	ano
	cooking		

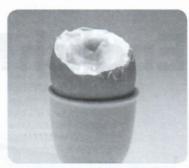
- Circle the word that is different. Explain why.
  - 1 peach (chicken) raspberries pear The others are all fruit
  - 2 pork lamb squid beef The others are all \_\_\_\_
  - 3 melon cherries peach cucumber The others are all \_
  - 4 green beans beetroot cabbage duck The others are all\_
  - 5 lemon salmon grapes cherries The others are all \_\_\_\_\_
  - 6 courgette crab mussels prawns The others are all
- Match the words from the list to definitions 1-8.

aubergine avocado lobster mango melon red pepper squid tuna

- 1 a large sea fish that we eat tuna
- 2 a vegetable with dark purple skin
- 3 a tropical fruit with hard, dark green skin, soft, light green flesh, and a large seed inside
- 4 a sea animal with a soft body, eight arms, and two tentacles
- 5 a red vegetable that is empty inside
- 6 a tropical fruit, which has a yellow and red skin and is yellow inside
- 7 a sea creature with a hard shell and eight legs
- 8 a large round fruit with a thick yellow or green skin and a lot of seeds

c Label the pictures.





1 grilled \_\_\_ salmon





egg

potato





chicken

Complete the sentences with a word from the list.

fre	n frozen low-fat raw spicy <del>tinned</del>
1	/e don't need <u>tinned</u> tomatoes, we need fresh ones.
2	re there any peas in the freezer?
3	don't like fish, so I never eat sushi.
	annah's on a diet, so she's bought some yoghur b have for dessert.
5	/e buy bread from the baker's every morning.
6	lexican food can be very

- e Match the phrasal verbs in **bold** in questions 1–3 to definitions a–c.
  - 1 Are there any food or drinks you'd like to **cut down on**? Which one(s)? \_\_\_\_
  - 2 Have you ever tried to **cut out** any food or drinks completely? Which one(s)? \_\_\_\_
  - Where do you usually go when you want to **eat out**? What do you usually have?
  - a to stop eating something completely
  - b to have lunch or dinner in a restaurant
  - c to eat less of something
- f Answer the questions in e.

#### **VOCABULARY FROM LISTENING**

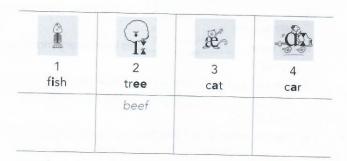
g Complete the sentences.



1	I m <u>iss</u> drinking English tea when I go abroad.
2	My favourite pizza t is ham and mushroom.
3	l eat chocolate when I'm unhappy to ch myself u
4	We sometimes eat rm food for dinner when we get home from work late.
5	I'm a to peaches, so I never eat them.
6	Do you ever get t food from the Chinese restaurant on the corner?
7	I don't like tuna as a sandwich f

- 2 PRONUNCIATION short and long vowel sounds
- a Write the words in the chart.

beef carton chicken chocolate cookie crab cucumber jar mango peach pork prawns sausage squid sugar tuna



- b 1.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
- c Write the words.

1	/baild/	boiled
2	/ˈkæbɪdʒ/	
3	/'sparsi/	
4	/rəust/	
5	/greips/	
6	/fru:t/	
7	/berkt/	
8	/melən/	
9	/ˈəubəʒiːn/	

d 1.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.



d

	_
3	<b>GRAMMAR</b> present simple and
	continuous, action and non-action verbs
а	Complete the sentences with the present simple

1	I sometimes <u>feel</u> tired after lunch. (feel)
2	We usually late at the
	weekend. (not get up)
3	you the TV or can I turn
	off? (watch)
4	My boss to work every morning
	(cycle)
5	Can you call back later – I can't hear you. We
	a party, and the music is very
	loud. (have)
6	There's a man in our neighbours' garden. What he ? (do)
7	How often your teacher
1	you homework? (give)
8	I chocolate this month. I need t
0	cut down on sweet things. (not eat)
9	My mother often exerci
7	
10	(not do)
С	My girlfriend has stopped eating snacks. She to be healthier. (try)  orrect any mistakes in the highlighted phrases. ck (🗸) the correct sentences.
C	My girlfriend has stopped eating snacks. She to be healthier. (try) orrect any mistakes in the highlighted phrases.
C Ti	My girlfriend has stopped eating snacks. She to be healthier. (try)  orrect any mistakes in the highlighted phrases. ck (🗸) the correct sentences.  I like your jacket. Is it new?
C Ti	My girlfriend has stopped eating snacks. She
C Ti	My girlfriend has stopped eating snacks. She to be healthier. (try)  orrect any mistakes in the highlighted phrases. ck (🗸) the correct sentences.  I like your jacket. Is it new?
Ci Ti 1	My girlfriend has stopped eating snacks. She
C Ti 1 2 3	My girlfriend has stopped eating snacks. She to be healthier. (try)  orrect any mistakes in the highlighted phrases. ck (🗸) the correct sentences.  I like your jacket. Is it new?  Something is smelling good. What are you making?  Something smells good.  That cake is looking delicious. Did you make it?  I don't know what to cook for dinner.
C Ti 1 2 3 4	My girlfriend has stopped eating snacks. She to be healthier. (try)  orrect any mistakes in the highlighted phrases. ck (🗸) the correct sentences.  I like your jacket. Is it new?  Something is smelling good. What are you making?  Something smells good.  That cake is looking delicious. Did you make it?  I don't know what to cook for dinner.
C Ti 1 2 3 4 5	My girlfriend has stopped eating snacks. She to be healthier. (try)  orrect any mistakes in the highlighted phrases. ck (*) the correct sentences.  I like your jacket. Is it new?  Something is smelling good. What are you making?  Something smells good.  That cake is looking delicious. Did you make it?  I don't know what to cook for dinner.  Are you thinking the fish is cooked now?

c Complete the sentences using the correct form of a verb from the list.

1	I can't talk now, I'm driving . I'll call you when
	I get to the office.
2	I think your boyfriend is telling the truth – I him.
3	Can you turn off your computer if you it?
1	This bag to me. Is it yours?
5	Sarah isn't at home. She tennis.
5	I'm tired because I well at the moment.
7	I that woman. Do you know who she is?
8	That music awful. Would you
	mind turning it down?
V	/rite questions.
1	what / you / do right now
	What are you doing right now
2	where / you / usually do your homework
3	why / you / study English
4	you / think English is easy
5	you / enjoy the classes at the moment
6	what / you / usually do after the class
	Vrite an email to your teacher. Use the questions of to help you.
	TIE.
	Ні,
	Right now, I'm doing my English homework.
	Hope you're well.



# Modern families

Happy families are all alike; every unhappy family is unhappy in its own way.

First line of Anna Karenina by Leo Tolstoy, Russian writer

 ${f G}$  future forms: present continuous, be going to, will / won't  ${f V}$  family, adjectives of personality

- 1 VOCABULARY family, adjectives of personality
- a Complete the sentences with a family word.

1 Your mother and father are your parents

2 Your grandfather's father is your



	grgr	*			
3	A child who has no brot				
	o ch	·			
4	Your brother's or sister's	s daughter is your			
	n				
5	A child who parents tak	A child who parents take into their family and treat as			
		ch			
6	Your partner, children, p	parents, and brothers and			
	sisters are your i	family.			
7	Your father's new wife i	s your st			
8	3 Your wife or husband's				
	bri	1			
9	A sister who shares one parent with you is your				
	hs				
		ers are your s			
11	Your grandparents, aur	nts, uncles and cousins are you			
	e family.				
		's son is your n			
13	3 Your stepmother's or s	tepfather's daughter from an			
	earlier relationship is ye	our st			

inse	bitious anxious honest independent ecure patient rebellious self-confident fish sensible <del>spoilt</del> stubborn
1	When I want something, my parents always give it to me.'
2	I find it very hard to relax. Sometimes I lie awake at night for hours worrying about things.'
	'There aren't any prawns left for you. I was hungry, so I ate them all.'
4	'I'm going to go to bed early so I can sleep well before my exam tomorrow.'
5	'I feel very comfortable when I'm speaking in public.'
6	'I'd like to be the manager of a big multinational company.'
7	'That's what I think, and I'm not going to change my mind.'
8	'I'd prefer to do this on my own, thanks.'
9	'I was a really difficult teenager. I didn't obey any rule at school or home.'
10	'Take your time, I can wait. I'm not in a hurry.'
11	'Excuse me. You dropped some money. Here it is.'
12	'I'm not sure if Jess is my friend or not. She says she is, but I don't really know.'



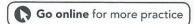
С	Read the sente missing adject		plete the crossword with the	е	Complete the sentences with sensible, sensitive or sympathetic.		
	1,	C			1 Don't be so! I didn't mean to make you cry.		
	BANDO NOS VINER	H q ent or zm	t beec to the common districts the common districts and the common districts are common districts.		2 Be! There are only three places in our car. We can't take the whole		
	2	A 3			football team home!  3 Be! Her hamster has died,		
4	rden Est Es	R			and she's very upset!		
	5	М					
		1		2	GRAMMAR future forms		
		N 6		а	Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs or phrases in <b>bold</b> .		
		G	The state of the s		1 he / look for (an intention)		
	1000 - 1000 1000 - 1000	7	anest year in point a		My brother hates his job.		
8					He's going to look for a new one.		
	ou. I was bungey, so	o-ce it for ye			2 I / pay (an offer) Don't worry about the drinks. for them.		
		9			3 I / make (an offer)		
		rice who but			some more coffee?		
	DOWN J	tive friendly and	avanih adula a biad		4 you / get married (a prediction)  Do you think before		
			<ul> <li>everybody loves him!</li> <li>going out, and she's got a lot of</li> </ul>		you're 30?		
	friends.	. Sile loves	going out, and sile's got a lot of		5 <b>we</b> / <b>go</b> (an arrangement) on holiday tomorrow.		
		ery for her a	ge – you'd never guess she was		I can't wait!		
	only 12.	,			6 I / have (an instant decision)		
	4 Laura's very	- she writes	some wonderful stories.		A Are you ready to order?		
	7 Emma's so	. She's always	telling other people what to do.		B Yes, the steak.		
	ACROSS →				7 <b>I / be</b> (a fact)		
		ally Someti	mes he's fine, but other times he	diffe themselves	21 on my next		
		out the smallest			birthday.		
			ny brother because he's so	l.	8 <b>we / invite</b> (a suggestion)your parents for a		
	He hates losin	ng.			meal this weekend?		
			aul because he's very	S	9 I / not be (a promise)		
		when I need his h			I'm going to Jacky's house for dinner.		
			loves us all very much, and she		I late home.		
		of hugs and kisse			10 it / break (a prediction)		
	9 It's very easy	to make Daisy cry	/ because she's very		There's too much shopping in this bag.		
d	Write the arm	osito adiaatius	Hea a pagative resting		I think		
u			. Use a negative prefix.				
		untidy	8 organized				
	2 honest		9 responsible				
	3 mature		10 sociable				
	-		11 friendly				
	5 sensitive		12 kind				
	6 ambitious		13 patient				
	7 imaginative		14 selfish	_			

b	Complete the conversations with the correct fu	uture form of the verbs in brackets.
N. 沙西市 2	B No, we	you <u>going away</u> this weekend? (go away) here. Why? (stay) a barbecue. Would you like to come? (have)
	takeaway?  B Good idea starter? (ca	a. I the restaurant. What do you want for your
		you in the morning? (leave) the six oʻclock train. (get) you a lift to the station, then. (give)
9	B I A What film B The new S	you tonight? (do) to the cinema with some friends. (go) you? (see)  tar Wars film. een it. You it! (love)
	B OK. I glasses. (w	you do the washing-up? (help) and you can dry. But please be careful with the vash) ry. I anything! (not break)
	Answer the questions. Use the correct future forms.  1 What are you going to do after the class?  First, I'm going to go shopping.  Then, I'm going to go home and make dinner.  2 What do you think the weather will be like tomorround the morning, it	holiday ?  2 I'm going to the 3 I'm going to
	3 What are you doing this weekend?	4 are you? 5 I'm some

b 1.3 Listen again and repeat. Copy the rhythm.

7 She's \_\_\_\_\_ her \_\_\_\_.
8 \_\_\_\_ will you \_\_\_\_\_ your

10 I'll \_\_\_\_\_ them on \_



4 What are your plans for next summer?

\_\_\_ them

# 1

# digi ZABAN Practical English Meeting the parents

reacting to what people say

#### 1 REACTING TO WHAT PEOPLE SAY

- a Circle the correct answers. ONE or TWO answers may be correct.
  - 1 A Kate's going travelling for a year! B What a great idea! Oh no! / What a pity.
  - 2 A I've left my wallet at home again!
    - B How fantastic! / I don't believe it. / You're kidding.
  - 3 A I didn't get the job.
    - B That's great news! / What a pity. / Never mind.
  - 4 A We're getting married!
    - B How fantastic! / That's great news! / Oh no!
  - 5 A Dave's got a new car.
    - B Never mind. / Really? / What a pity.
  - 6 A I've lost my phone.
    - B Oh no! / How fantastic! / That's great news!
- **b** Complete the chart with the correct phrases from **a**.
  - 1 Reacting to something surprising

    1 don't believe it!

    2 Reacting to something interesting

    3 Reacting to some good news

    4 Reacting to some bad news

#### 2 HOW + ADJECTIVE, WHAT + NOUN

Complete the phrases with How or What.

- 1 <u>How</u> interesting!
  2 \_\_\_\_\_ a good idea!
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ terrible news!
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ awful! 5 \_\_\_\_ amazing!
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ a pity!

#### **3 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

Complete the conversations with the phrases from the list.

a really nice guy Go ahead How do you see How incredible I mean Not really That's because things like that

- 1 A What do you think of Isabel's new boyfriend?
  - B He's a really nice guy .
- 2 A \_\_\_\_\_\_ your life in ten years' time?
  - B I think I'll be married and have my own company.
- 3 A I hear you're an excellent swimmer. Would you like to be a professional?
  - B \_\_\_\_\_\_. I don't have enough time to train.
- 4 A I'm sorry. I'm not feeling hungry.
  - B \_\_\_\_\_ you ate too much for lunch!
- 5 A You know, I think we went to the same school.
  - B \_\_\_\_\_! What a coincidence!
- 6 A Can I have another piece of chicken, please?
  - B \_\_\_\_\_\_. There's more in the kitchen.
- 7 A What sort of books do you read?
  - B Biographies, historical fiction,
- 8 A Would you like to come to the concert with us?
  - B No, sorry. \_\_\_\_\_, I'd love to, but I'm busy.

# digi ZABAN Can you remember...? 1

#### 1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences.

1	Excuse me. The ticket offi	ce is closed. What tim
2	Tony's in his room. He homework.	
3	Sorry, Iyou're wrong.	_ with you. I think
4	you _	a
	suit to the wedding next S	Saturday?
5	We a Would you like to come?	barbecue on Friday.
6	Don't worry. I promise Ihome tonight.	late

#### 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 crab duck lobster squid
- 2 beef chicken lamb salmon
- 3 stepsister niece nephew half-sister
- 4 aunt uncle cousin mother
- 5 affectionate bossy honest patient
- 6 charming moody selfish stubborn

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

fish	1 grilled siblings reliable tinned
tree	2 beef great niece steamed
æ cat	3 anxious family imaginative mature
car	4 charming father half-sister parent
hors.	se 5 <b>or</b> ganized r <b>aw</b> sp <b>oi</b> lt t <b>al</b> kative

#### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

# CHANGING EATING HABITS

Eating habits in the UK 1\_\_\_\_ healthier, according to the results of a government survey. The study 2\_\_\_\_ the food bought by the average family over the last 40 years. One of the greatest differences is the type of milk that people are drinking. Today, buy skimmed milk rather than full-fat milk for their families. This is probably because of campaigns to help people the amount of fat they eat. Another type of food that contains less fat and is very popular today is oven chips. These are chips that are 5\_\_\_\_ in the oven without adding fat. It 6\_ that British people today are also more adventurous in what they eat. Instead of fish and chips, they're now buying more seafood, such as prawns and 7\_\_\_\_. As for meat, people are eating less and lamb, and more chicken and minced beef. Italian food is extremely popular today and 9\_\_\_\_ pasta is available in the shops, as well as the cheaper dried version. In general, nutritionists are pleased with the results of the survey and hope that people 10 \_\_ eating healthily in the future.



1	а	are becoming	b	become	c	is becoming
2	а	compare	b	is comparing	c	compares
3	а	nephews	b	parents	c	siblings
4	a	cut down on	b	cut down	c	eat out
5	а	baked	b	boiled	c	steamed
6	a	is seeming	b	seem	С	seems
7	а	cherries	b	grapes	c	mussels
8	a	lobster	b	peach	c	pork
9	а	fresh	b	frozen	С	raw
10	а	continues	b	is continuing	c	will continue

When a man tells you he got rich through hard work, ask him 'Whose?' Don Marquis, US Writer

**G** present perfect and past simple **V** money **P** o and or

1	VOC	ABU	LARY	money
				,

	omplete the sentences with the correct verb in rackets.
1	My sister <u>wastes</u> a lot of money on clothes
	she never wears. (wastes / saves)
2	I can't to buy a flat of my own.  (pay / afford)
3	You'll have to a lot of money if you
	want to travel around the world next year. (save / waste)
4	We still the bank a lot of money.
	(owe / earn)
5	Kevin about €1,000 a month in his
	new job. (raises / earns)
6	That painting a lot of money. (charges / is worth)
	(charges / is worth)
7	My uncle is doing a bike ride to
0	money for charity. (afford / raise)
8	I don't want to lose these earrings. They
0	a fortune! (cost / owed)
9	I'll have to some money from the bank if I want to buy a new car. (borrow / lend)
10	Mary £10,000 from her grandfather
10	when he died. (inherited / invested)
11	If5,000 pounds in a company, and I
	made 5% profit. (inherited / invested)
12	The plumber me €100 for mending
	my shower. (cost / charged)
13	Can you me \$200 until I get paid?
	(borrow / lend)
C	omplete the sentences with the correct preposition.
1	I'll pay <u>for</u> the meal if you get the drinks.
2	They charged us €5 a bottle of water.
3	My friends got debt when they bought their
	new house.
4	We've borrowed some money my parents.
5	My grandparents always pay cash.
6	I don't mind lending money people in my
	family.
7	Andy and Sue spent a lot of money their
	son's education.
8	Can I pay credit card?
9	If I lend you some money, when can you pay me?
10	Phil invested all his money his own company.

C	Complete the	advertisement	with	the	words
	from the list.				

bills	tax	con	tactless pay	ment	
budge	et	loan	mortgage	salary	

### What's so good about WIN-WIN Bank?

WIN-WIN Bank provides all the traditional banking services while using the latest technology.

#### What's new

Use our WIN-WIN phone app to manage your money and pay your bills . For extra convenience, sign up for <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ you'll never have to carry cash with you again.

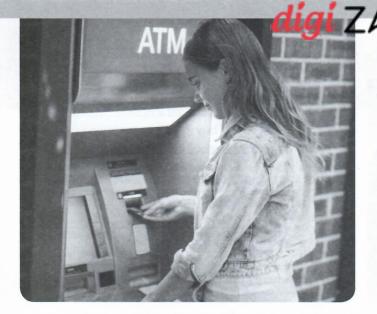
#### What hasn't changed

Need money for a car or a holiday? We'll give you a \_\_\_\_ of up to €10,000 for whatever you want to buy. If you're buying a house, we can give you a 4 at one of the lowest interest rates on the market.

#### Someone to talk to

Finding it hard to get to the end of the month? Our advisors can help you plan a 5\_\_\_\_\_\_to make your money go further. If you're working, they can give you advice on how to manage your 6 month and how much \_ you should be paying. So, if you're looking for a Mobile Banking new bank, just remember: WIN-WIN has it all!

b



d Complete the questions with a phrasal verb from the list.

1	How often do you use a cash machine? How much money do you usually <u>take out</u> ?
2	When was the last time you lent money to somebody How long did it take them to
3	Why do young people sometimes their parents?
4	What's the smallest amount of money you think you could for a month? What would you spend it on?
Д	nswer the questions in <b>d</b> .
1	- 11
2	
3	
4	

#### **VOCABULARY FROM READING**

† (	Complete	the	compound	nouns	in	the	sentences
-----	----------	-----	----------	-------	----	-----	-----------

- 1 We use olive oil for all our cooking.
  2 Max fell off his bike during our cycling
- 2 Max fell off his bike during our cycling tr\_\_\_\_\_but he didn't hurt himself.
- 3 Becky doesn't use beauty tr\_\_\_\_\_ that are tested on animals.
- 4 Our electricity b\_\_\_\_\_\_ is going to be very high this month we've had the heating on every day.
- 5 I usually drink tap w\_\_\_\_\_ with my meals.
- 6 I try to buy environmentally-friendly cleaning pr\_\_\_\_\_\_ because they don't pollute the water.

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION o and or

a Circle the word with a different sound.

<b>u</b> p	1 money nothing sorry worry
cl <b>o</b> ck	2 cost shopping dollar clothes
ph <b>o</b> ne	3 owe done note loan

- **b** ② 2.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
- c Look at the pairs of words. Is the pronunciation of or the same (S) or different (D)?

1	aff <b>or</b> d	<b>or</b> ganized	_S_
2	store	worse	D
3	m <b>or</b> tgage	fork	
4	sh <b>or</b> t	work	
5	w <b>or</b> ld	w <b>or</b> th	
6	<b>or</b> der	word	

d ①2.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

# 3 GRAMMAR present perfect and past simple

- a Circle the correct answer.
  - 1 (ve never owed) never owed any money to the bank in my life.
  - 2 Rachel wants to buy a flat, but she hasn't saved / didn't save enough money yet.
  - 3 They've charged / charged us too much for our meal last night.
  - 4 Paul hasn't inherited / didn't inherit anything from his grandmother when she died.
  - 5 I can't pay you back. I haven't been / didn't go to the cash machine yet.
  - 6 I've never used / never used contactless payment, but I'd like to try it.
  - 7 How much has your TV cost / did your TV cost?
  - 8 I haven't had / didn't have any coins, so I couldn't put any money in the parking meter.
  - 9 I love your house how long have you lived / did you live in it?
  - 10 My girlfriend has a really well-paid job. She has earned / earned £45,000 last year.



**b** Complete the conversations with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1	A	When did	your son <u>buy</u>	his
		car? (buy)		
	В	The state of the s	his driving test	last month
2	A	How much money	you	
		from your sister yest		
	В	About £100, but I	The state of the s	у
		it all. (s	pend)	
3	A	you (find)	a new	flat yet?
	В	Yes, and the bank	just	
		to give		agree)
4	Λ	Searce III		
4	A	you ev	er ar	ly money
	-	to a friend? (lend)	al colores les	
	В	Only to my boyfriend new phone. (need)	a wnen ne	d
		new priorie. (ricea)		
5	A	your m	nother	_ an
		appointment with th	e doctor yet? (mal	ke)
	В	Yes, she	_ him yesterday, a	ind she's

	a	you / buy a house
	ч	Have you ever bought a house?
	b	when / you / buy it
	2	When did you buy it?
2	a	you / find any money on the street
	b	how much / you / find
3	а	you / use contactless payment
	b	where / use it
4	а	you / pay for a meal for a lot of people
	b	why / you / pay for it
5	а	you / stay in an expensive hotel
	b	who / you / stay there with
6	а	
	b	how much / you / raise
4	Ans	wer the questions in <b>c</b> .
1		all a state of the second second
	b	le of an extremely only through
2		
2	b	
	b	
3		
	a b	
3	a b a	
3	a b a b	
3	a b a b	
3	a b a b	

seeing him tomorrow. (call)

### digi ZABAN Changing lives

Only I can change my life. No one else can do it for me. Carol Burnett, US actress & comedienne

G present perfect + for / since, present perfect continuous V strong adjectives: exhausted, amazed, etc. P sentence stress

- 1 **GRAMMAR** present perfect + for / since, present perfect continuous
- Write the words and phrases from the list in the correct column.

2015 a lo	ong time	Chr	istmas	
I was very	young	lunch	time six	months
two week	s three	days	Tuesday	years

for	since
	2015

b Complete the sentences with the present perfect simple form of the verb in brackets and for or since.

1	I <u>'ve had</u>	my car <u>for</u>
	about a month. (	have)

- 2 My mum \_\_\_\_\_ weeks. (be)
- \_\_\_\_\_each other we were at school. (know)
- 4 Owen \_\_\_\_ for the same company \_\_\_\_\_ five years. (work)
- 5 Dan and Vicky \_\_\_\_\_ in Scotland \_\_\_\_\_ they got married. (live)
- 6 My parents \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ gardening \_\_\_\_\_ they were young. (love)
- \_\_\_\_\_ to go to Australia
- \_\_\_\_\_ a long time. (want) 8 Lola \_\_\_\_\_\_ to me
- \_ last year. (not speak)
- \_\_\_\_ my grandparents 9 1\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ ages. (not see)
- 10 Harry \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ Ayesha \_\_\_\_ they were at school together. (like)

Complete the conversations with the present perfect continuous form of the verbs.



- 1 A Did you know that Amy's in a band?
  - B No. Have they been playing together for a long time? (they / play)



- A How long was your flight?
  - B Twelve hours. \_ all day. (we / travel)



- A My brother has a very good job in New York.
  - B Really? How long\_ there? (he / work)



- 4 A Diana's found a new flat, at last.
  - B Oh good! \_ one for ages. (she / look for)



- 5 A Why does Liam's teacher want to see you?
  - his homework B lately. (he / not do)



- 6 A You're late.
  - B Yes, I know. Sorry. \_ long? (you / wait)



- 7 A You look exhausted.
  - the children all day! (I / look after)



- 8 A How's your football team doing, Pete?
  - B Very well, but \_ recently. I've hurt my foot. (I / not play)



	***************************************	_
d	Circle the correct form. If both forms are possible, tick (	/)
	the sentence.	
	1 How long have you lived / have you been living abroad?	v
	2 1/20 studied Which have studied Chinase for two years	

- 2 I've studied I I've been studying Chinese for two years.
- 3 My parents have had I have been having the same car for ten
- 4 How long has Mark played / has Mark been playing the bass quitar?
- 5 Alex has worked / has been working in this school since he started teaching.
- 6 I've known / I've been knowing her for years.
- 7 We've gone / We've been going to the same dentist since we were children.
- 8 You've worn / You've been wearing the same coat for years!
- 9 How long have you ridden / have you been riding horses?
- 10 I've washed / I've been washing the car; it looks much cleaner now.
- What have you been doing recently? Write five sentences. Use the ideas from the list or your own ideas.

	pook a hobby a job a new habit a sport a TV series ur work/studies
1	I've been eating more vegetables because I want to be healthier. I've got exams, so I've been studying.
2 3	

#### **PRONUNCIATION** sentence stress

2.3 Listen and complete the sentences.

1	I've been <u>trav</u>	elling all da	у		
2			_ have they		
	been				_?
3	She's been _			since	
4	They	been		130	
	for				
5	We've been _		_ the		
6		_ been			

rhythm.

#### 3 VOCABULARY strong adjectives

Match the normal adjectives 1-14 to the strong adjectives a-n.

1	tired	_d_	а	amazed
2	surprised		b	boiling
3	big		С	delighted
4	cold	TE 59/10	d	exhausted
5	dirty		е	filthy
6	funny		f	freezing
7	happy		g	furious
8	hot		h	fascinating
9	hungry		i	hilarious
10	interesting		j	huge
11	small		k	positive
12	sure		1	starving
13	afraid		m	terrified
14	angry		n	tiny





#### b Complete the sentences with the strong adjectives from a.



1 The couple are <u>delighted</u>



2 They're \_\_\_\_\_



3 It's really \_\_\_\_\_



4 He's



5 It's a \_\_\_\_\_ hamster.



6 She's absolutely \_

#### Complete the sentences with the strong adjectives from a.

- 1 The temperature has been going up all week, and now it's absolutely <u>boiling</u>.
- 2 I'm \_\_\_\_\_ that you don't know the name of the president of the USA.
- 3 Tom's parents have just found out he's been missing school, so they're \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 I've been watching a horror film, and now I'm absolutely \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 We're \_\_\_\_\_\_ because we've walked 35 km today.
- 6 That film is \_\_\_\_\_! We laughed all the way through it.
- 7 This book is \_\_\_\_\_\_. I've learned so much from it.
- 8 I've been thinking about your question, and now I'm \_\_\_\_\_ I know the answer.

#### d Complete the sentences about you.

1 The last time I had a huge meal was when		
	1 The last time I had a huge meal was when _	

- 2 The weather was absolutely boiling when I
- 3 One of the most hilarious films I've seen is
- 4 I felt really exhausted when I \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 When I'm absolutely starving the thing I most want to eat is \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 I was delighted with a present I got \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 I saw a fascinating TV programme recently about
- 8 Something that makes me furious is \_\_\_\_\_





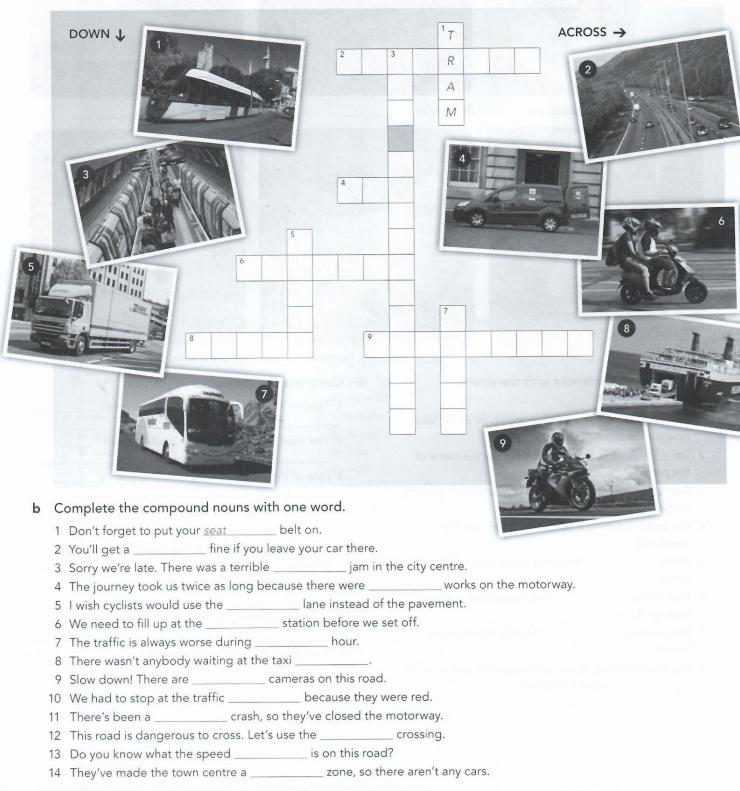
### digi ZABAN Survive the drive

A good traveller has no fixed plans. Lao Tzu, Taoist Philosopher

 ${f G}$  choosing between comparatives and superlatives  ${f V}$  transport  ${f P}$  / ${f J}$ , /dʒ/, and /t ${f J}$ /, linking

#### 1 VOCABULARY transport

Complete the crossword.

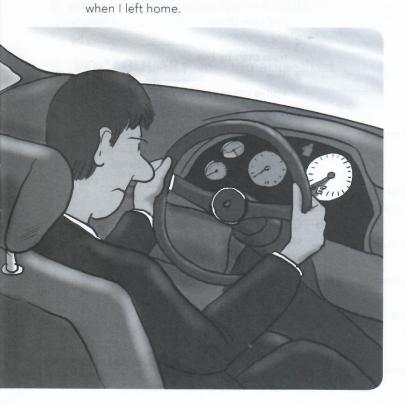




	complete the sente f <i>take</i> .		Die B
1	It usually <u>takes</u> mother's house.	two hours t	o get to my
2	How long		to get to
	the town centre on	a weekday?	
3	It usually an hour to get to th		ree quarters of
4	It me yesterday.	two hours to g	et to work
5	I'm not looking for tomorrow. Itget there.	The state of the s	
6	How long home last night?	it	you to get
	omplete the sentene list.	ences with the	words from
0	ff (x2) out out of	up (x2)	
	We asked our neig the airport.		
2	They setarrive before lunch		se they wanted t
3	Charlie forgot his s	atnav, so he end	ded

\_\_\_! That car isn't going to stop.

petrol because I forgot to fill up



5 Do you think you could pick me \_\_\_

the station?

6 Iran\_

- e Answer the questions.
  - 1 How do you usually travel around your town or city?
  - 2 How do you usually travel when you go on holiday?
  - 3 What's the traffic like in rush hour where you live?
  - 4 What's the speed limit on the motorway in your country?
  - 5 How long does it take you to get to the city centre?
  - 6 Who usually picks you up and drops you off at the airport?
  - 7 Have you ever run out of petrol? If so, where were you going?
  - 8 Have you ever got lost? If so, where did you end up?

#### **2 PRONUNCIATION** /ʃ/, /dʒ/, and /tʃ/

a Circle the word with a different sound.

d3 jazz	1 bridge cheap journey mortgage
<b>Sh</b> ower	2 sta <b>ti</b> on cra <b>sh</b> wa <b>tch</b> ru <b>sh</b>
chess	3 ca <b>tch j</b> am adven <b>t</b> ure coa <b>ch</b>

b 3.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.



- 3 **GRAMMAR** choosing between comparatives and superlatives
- Write sentences with the information from the survey. Use the comparative or the superlative.

### Where to go?

We reveal the results from our reader survey of three popular holiday destinations.



	Bangkok (Thailand)	Dubai (UAE)	Vienna (Austria)
It's expensive	*	***	**
It's crowded	***	**	*
It's easy to get to	**	**	***
It's exciting	***	**	**
It's hot	**	***	*
It's relaxing	*	**	***

1	Bangkok / expensive / Dubai  Dubai is more expensive than Bangkok.
2	Bangkok / crowded of the three destinations
3	Vienna / easy to get to / Bangkok
4	Bangkok / exciting / Dubai
5	Dubai / hot / Vienna
6	Vienna / relaxing of the three destinations
C	omplete the sentences with one word.

5	Dubai / hot / Vienna	
6	Vienna / relaxing of the	three destinations
C	omplete the sentence	s with one word.
1	Petrol isn't as expensive	e in the USA <u>as</u> it is in the U
2	My father drives more s	lowly my mother.
		eapest petrol station in the city.
4	Let's go by train. It's	comfortable than the coac
5	This is thewrong!	day of my life – everything has gone
6	I think trains are fewer accidents.	dangerous than cars. There are
7	It's to go slower.	by Tube than by bus. Buses are much
8	Singapore is the	expensive city in the world.
9	You're at the Sheraton? you.	We're staying at the same hotel
10	Why don't we go hitchh way to travel.	iking? It's the expensive

С	Complete the second sentence so it has
	a similar meaning to the first sentence.
	Use the word in brackets. Write 3–5
	words. Contractions are two words,
	e.g. isn't.

1	My flat is bigger than	n my boyfriend's. (big)
	My boyfriend's flat is	n't as big as
	mine.	
2	You don't walk as fas	t as me. (than)
	1	you.
3	I've never been to a than Istanbul. (most)	more interesting city
		I've been to.
4	My job isn't as intere	
	My job	yours.
5	I've never eaten a be	
	This is	I've ever eaten.
6	The train is more exp	ensive than the bus. (as
	The bus	the train.
7	We've got the same	car. (as)
	Your car	mine.
8	I've never slept in su bed before. (least)	ch an uncomfortable
	That's	I've ever slent in

#### **PRONUNCIATION** linking

3.2 Listen and complete the sentences.

1	It's the most dangerous	thing
	I've ever done.	
2	lt's	going by
	train than by bus.	
3	The	place to
	visit is the museum.	
4	Flying is a lot	
	than going by ferry.	
5	There's an	that
	goes up the hill.	
6	It's the	I've
	heen here	

3.2 Listen again and repeat the sentences. Listen carefully to the linked words. Copy the rhythm.

b

### digi ZABAN Men, women, and children

Men want to be a woman's first love. Women like to be a man's last romance. Oscar Wilde, Irish writer

**G** articles: a / an, the, no article **V** collocation: verbs / adjectives + prepositions

#### **GRAMMAR** articles

- Circle the correct words.
  - 1 Yesterday was hottest the hottest day of the year so far.
  - 2 We went to Paris for my birthday last weekend / the last weekend.
  - 3 I think girls / the girls are better at learning languages / the languages than boys / the boys.
  - 4 Did you lock door / the door when you left house / the house this morning?
  - 5 My sister is married to German / a German. He's engineer / an engineer.
  - 6 I don't usually like fish / the fish, but salmon / the salmon we had last night was delicious.
  - 7 We go to cinema / the cinema once a week / the week.
  - 8 Don't worry! It's not the end / end of the world / world.
  - 9 Do you think women / the women are more sensitive than men / the men?
  - 10 What beautiful day / a beautiful day! Let's have lunch / a lunch in the garden.

b	Correct any	mistakes ir	n the	highlighted	phrases.	Tick (V	) the correct	sentences
---	-------------	-------------	-------	-------------	----------	---------	---------------	-----------

1	That's lovely dress – the colour suits you.  a lovely dress	×
2	He's going to visit his parents the next weekend.	
3	The money doesn't make people happy.	-
4	My grandfather left school when he was 14.	
5	I go to the dentist about twice a year.	
6	Have you worn jacket that you bought last week?	. 10
7	That was one of the best meals I've ever had.	- II
8	What noisy child! Where are his parents?	-
9	Alex is studying to become doctor.	B
10	I love cats, but my boyfriend doesn't like them.	
11	Her husband sits in front of the TV all day.	
12	She always leaves the work at half past five.	2



c Complete the text with a / an, the or – (no article).

# the reason women see colours better than men

Why are women generally able to see 1colours better than men? Scientists say there is 2 for this, and <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ reason is in our DNA. Our chromosomes contain DNA, which controls many things about us. The ability to see 4\_\_\_\_\_ colour red is carried by the X chromosome. Men have only one X chromosome, but women have two of them. This means that it's easier for women to see red. This was important in prehistoric times when women were looking for 6 fruit to eat. They needed to choose 7\_\_\_\_\_ right fruit, so they had to be able to see 8\_\_\_\_\_ difference between different colours. If they made 9\_\_\_\_\_ mistake, they could kill their families and themselves. So, it was more important for women to see different colours, while men had other important skills.



- **2 PRONUNCIATION** /ə/, two pronunciations of *the*
- a **3.3** Listen and complete the sentences.

1	I'd like	to <u>speak</u>	to the
	manager		
2	The bus is	a Circle	
			train
3	What are w	e going	
	-	3000	?
4	Could you	open	
			?
5	She needs	11.7	
		401.0	her ankle
6	We want _	3000	
			tomorrow

- b @3.3 Listen again and repeat.
- c ① 3.4 Listen and repeat the phrases. Pay attention to the pronunciation of the.
  - 1 <u>The</u> conversation was about <u>the</u> woman next door.
  - 2 <u>The</u> university invited a guest to speak at the meeting.
  - 3 I sometimes go to the theatre in the evening.
  - 4 We took <u>the</u> lift instead of walking up <u>the</u> stairs.
  - 5 <u>The</u> office gave me all <u>the</u> information I needed.
  - 6 The grey skirt is nice, but I prefer the black one.

#### **VOCABULARY** collocation

- Circle the correct prepositions.
  - 1 They're arriving at / on / in London on Friday.
  - 2 That suitcase belongs for / from / to me.
  - 3 Shall we ask someone at / for / of directions?
  - 4 We might go camping, but it depends in / of / on the weather.
  - 5 Everybody laughed about / at / to Zach when he fell off the chair.
  - 6 Who's going to pay for / of / with the meal?
  - 7 I dreamt about / from / with my old school friends last night.
  - 8 That girl reminds me about / of / to my cousin.
  - 9 | apologized at / to / with the teacher about / for / of being late.
  - 10 He often argues at / to / with his friends about politics.
  - 11 We arrive at / in / to Liverpool Street Station at 7.45.
  - 12 She doesn't believe about / in / on ghosts.
  - 13 I can't choose between / of / with the green one or the blue one.
  - 14 They're really looking forward for / of / to their holiday.
  - 15 James spends a lot of money for / in / on expensive presents for his girlfriend.
- Complete the sentences with the correct preposition.

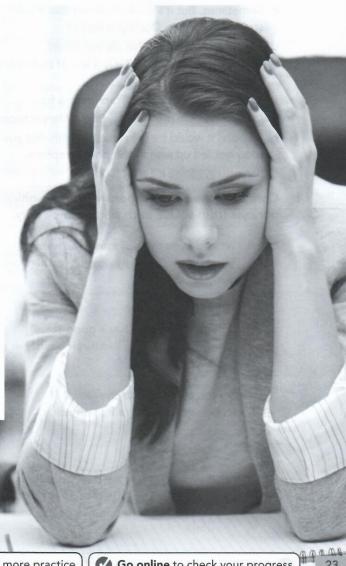
1	I'm tired	of	my	job.	I think	it's	time	for a	change.
				,					0

- 2 My boyfriend isn't very keen \_\_\_\_\_\_ vegetables.
- 3 He's famous \_\_\_\_\_ his role in Sherlock Holmes.
- 4 I'm not very interested \_\_\_\_\_ abstract art.
- 5 Susie is very different \_\_\_\_\_ her sister.
- 6 Adam's very good \_\_\_\_\_ maths.
- 7 I'm fed up \_\_\_\_\_ this grey weather.
- 8 My brother is very worried \_\_\_\_\_ his daughter at the moment.
- 9 A lot of people are scared \_\_\_\_\_\_ spiders.
- 10 They're angry \_\_\_\_\_\_ their son \_\_\_\_\_ his terrible exam results.
- 11 She's very close \_\_\_\_\_ her brother.
- 12 My husband is very proud \_\_\_\_\_ his new car.
- 13 I'm very fond \_\_\_\_\_ my grandfather. He's a wonderful person.
- 14 Experts say that walking is good \_\_\_\_\_\_ you.
- 15 Jack's elder brother isn't very kind \_\_\_\_\_ him.
- 16 We're really pleased \_\_\_\_\_\_ our new sofa.
- 17 The children are very excited \_\_\_\_\_\_ going to the concert.
- 18 My neighbour was very rude \_\_\_\_\_ me yesterday.
- 19 Tony used to be married \_\_\_\_\_ Teresa.

- **PRONUNCIATION** when are prepositions stressed?
- a @3.5 Listen and complete the conversations.

1	A	Who did you are	gue with	/10	?
	В	1v	vith my		-
2	A	Who are you	nai slil me s		_?
	В	I'm	_ at	!	
3	A	What are you so	)		_?
	В	I'm	_ about my		
		AMERICAN STREET			
4	A	What are you _	99 1-7 (14)		_?
	В	I'm	_ to the		

b @3.5 Listen again and repeat. Copy the rhythm.



# digi ZABAN Practical English A difficult celebrity

5 A Do you like this song?

giving opinions

#### **GIVING OPINIONS**

a 1	Match sentences 1–9 to responses a–i.	B Not really?
		A It's awful.
	1 Do you like reggae?f_	
	2 What do you think of Ed Sheeran?	6 A Do you like live music?
	3 Do you still listen to your old CDs?	B Yes, I do, it's a bit
4	4 I've heard that musicians make a lot of money	expensive.
5	5 I'd love to be famous!	A Absolutely!
6	6 Classical music is great for a romantic meal	7 A Danie de de la
7	7 What's your opinion of heavy metal?	7 A People shouldn't listen to loud music on
8	8 What kind of music does your girlfriend like?	public transport.  B They should wear
9	9 Do you like this band?	headphones.
		A That's right.
a	a lagree. You can listen to it and talk to each other	A macs right.
	at the same time.	8 A Jazz music started in the UK.
k	b To be honest, I haven't asked her.	B I'm sure it began in the
C	c Sometimes. But it's easier listening to a music	USA.
	streaming service. Don't you agree?	A Of course it did! Sorry about that.
C	d No, they're terrible. What do you think?	ter him a scenario en element
6	e I don't think that's right. Only a few of them earn	9 A What's your opinion of Rihanna's new song?
	enough to live on.	B it's better than the last one
	f It's OK. But if you ask me, rap is more fun.	A Me too.
f		
	q I like him. But in my opinion, Bruno Mars is better.	
9	g I like him. But in my opinion, Bruno Mars is better. h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd	
9	h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd	2 SOCIAL ENGLISH
9	h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.	
S h	<ul><li>h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.</li><li>i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.</li></ul>	Complete the conversations with a phrase from
) i b ()	<ul> <li>h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.</li> <li>i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.</li> </ul> Complete the conversations with the highlighted	
) i b ()	<ul><li>h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.</li><li>i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.</li></ul>	Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.
i b (	<ul> <li>h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.</li> <li>i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.</li> <li>Complete the conversations with the highlighted phrases from a. Use each phrase once only.</li> </ul>	Complete the conversations with a phrase from
i b (	<ul> <li>h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.</li> <li>i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.</li> <li>Complete the conversations with the highlighted phrases from a. Use each phrase once only.</li> <li>1 A What do you think of music festivals?</li> </ul>	Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.  Hang on a minute It's just that my boyfriend's away
i b (	h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.  i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.  Complete the conversations with the highlighted phrases from a. Use each phrase once only.  1 A What do you think of music festivals?  B They're OK. But in my opinion, there are too	Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.  Hang on a minute It's just that my boyfriend's away That's so kind of you You've come back
i b (	<ul> <li>h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.</li> <li>i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.</li> <li>Complete the conversations with the highlighted phrases from a. Use each phrase once only.</li> <li>1 A What do you think of music festivals?</li> <li>B They're OK. But in my opinion , there are too many people.</li> </ul>	Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.  Hang on a minute It's just that my boyfriend's away That's so kind of you You've come back Did you mean what you said
i b (	h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.  i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.  Complete the conversations with the highlighted phrases from a. Use each phrase once only.  1 A What do you think of music festivals?  B They're OK. But in my opinion, there are too	Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.  Hang on a minute It's just that my boyfriend's away That's so kind of you You've come back Did you mean what you said  1 A I brought you some flowers.
i b (	<ul> <li>h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.</li> <li>i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.</li> <li>Complete the conversations with the highlighted phrases from a. Use each phrase once only.</li> <li>1 A What do you think of music festivals?</li> <li>B They're OK. But in my opinion , there are too many people.</li> </ul>	Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.  Hang on a minute It's just that my boyfriend's away That's so kind of you You've come back Did you mean what you said
i b (	<ul> <li>h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.</li> <li>i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.</li> <li>Complete the conversations with the highlighted phrases from a. Use each phrase once only.</li> <li>1 A What do you think of music festivals?</li> <li>B They're OK. But in my opinion, there are too many people.</li> <li>A Yes, you're right.</li> </ul>	Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.  Hang on a minute It's just that my boyfriend's away That's so kind of you You've come back Did you mean what you said  1 A I brought you some flowers.  B Thank you. That's so kind of you.
i b (	<ul> <li>h Oh sure, it would be great to start with. But you'd soon get fed up with all the photographers.</li> <li>i Personally, I think it's a bit loud.</li> <li>Complete the conversations with the highlighted phrases from a. Use each phrase once only.</li> <li>1 A What do you think of music festivals?</li> <li>B They're OK. <u>But in my opinion</u>, there are too many people.</li> <li>A Yes, you're right.</li> <li>2 A Do you think Cathy has a good voice?</li> </ul>	Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.  Hang on a minute It's just that my boyfriend's away That's so kind of you You've come back Did you mean what you said  1 A I brought you some flowers. B Thank you. That's so kind of you.
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# digi ZABAN Can you remember...? 1–3

#### 1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with one word.

1	I need a new	car at the moment. My ol
	car works perfectly.	
2	That case looks heavy	I get a trolley
	for you?	
3	No, I don't want to go for a	walk. I've
	come home from work!	
4	I've been learning English _	three years.
5	Your cooking is	_ than mine – this tuna is
	delicious!	
6	My sister's studying medicin	ne. She wants to be

#### 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 beetroot cabbage grapes green beans
- 2 charming mature sociable spoilt

doctor.

- 3 borrow loan owe save
- 4 angry furious starving terrified
- 5 ferry lorry motorbike van
- 6 fond of fed up with keen on pleased with

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

<b>u</b> p	1 done gone money nothing
D clock	2 fond lorry watch worry
ph <b>o</b> ne	3 cost note owe roast
<b>sh</b> ower	4 adventure ambitious crash sociable
chess	5 ca <b>tch ch</b> arming coa <b>ch</b> ma <b>ch</b> ine

#### **4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

### Jobs for women

Kerry Cassidy is one of Britain's 19,000 train drivers. She '\_\_\_\_ a train for eight years now, and she's very happy in her job. The situation for women train drivers has changed a lot <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_ 1978 when Karen Harrison became the first in the UK. At that time, the male drivers were generally not very kind <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_ women.

Today, the job is <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_ for women to do than it was in the past because attitudes have changed. One of <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_ things about it is the salary. Georgiana Oana <sup>6</sup>\_\_ a train driver for a year. She <sup>7</sup>\_\_ £55,000 a year, so she's been able to get a <sup>8</sup>\_\_ to buy her own house. Kerry Cassidy is a single mother, but she can easily <sup>9</sup>\_\_ childcare for her two children while she's away at work. Kerry believes there is nothing about being <sup>10</sup>\_\_ that makes it a man's job. She says that there is no reason why women shouldn't apply.



4 a easier b easiest c more easy

5 a better b best c the best

6 a has been b is c was
7 a costs b earns c wins
8 a bargain b budget c mortgage

9 **a** afford **b** charge **c** raise

10 **a** train driver **b** a train driver **c** the train driver



### *digi* ZABAN Bad manners?

When a man opens the car door for his wife it's either a new car or a new wife. Duke of Edinburgh, husband of Queen Elizabeth II

**G** obligation and prohibition: have to, must, should **V** phone language **P** silent consonant

b Complete the sentences with the words from a.

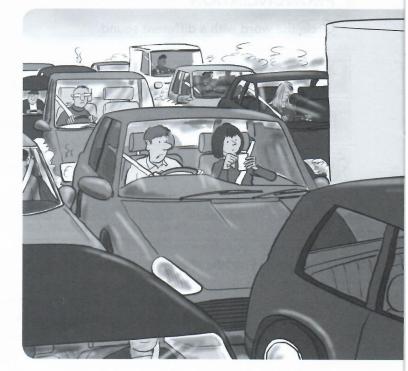
#### **VOCABULARY** phone language

Match the words from the list to definitions 1-12.

call back cut sb off dial engaged / busy go off hang up leave a message put sb on hold ringtone swipe text/message voicemail 1 to send sb a message using a mobile phone text / message 2 to make a caller wait until the person they want to talk to is free 3 to phone sb again or phone sb who called you earlier 4 to start ringing 5 to record information for sb to listen to later 6 an electronic system that can store messages so that you can listen to them later 7 to stop or interrupt sb's phone conversation 8 to push the buttons on a phone to call a number 9 the sound your phone makes when sb is calling you 10 to move content across a screen using your finger 11 meaning that a phone is in use and can't be called

12 to end a phone conversation and put the phone down

1	I wanted to speak to my bos	s personally, so I didn't
	leave a message .	
2	If I give you my phone, you o	an
	through my holiday photos.	
3	We turned off our phones at make sure they didn't	the start of the film to
4	We werewent into a tunnel.	_ when the train I was on
5	I need to choose another	
	because I never hear the one	e I've got.
6	I couldn't talk to my bank be	cause the phone
	was	
7	When you call big companie	s they often
	you	5
	long time.	
8	John isn't answering his pho later.	ne, so I'll have to
9	Did you listen to your I left you a message.	last night?
10	I usually	when companies call me
10	to try to sell me something.	when companies can me
11	I don't have to	my friands'
11	numbers because they're all	
12	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
12	we're going to be late?	your brother and tell him





- 2 **GRAMMAR** obligation and prohibition
- a Read the article. If both forms are correct, tick (✔) the sentence. If only one form is correct, circle the correct form.

What you need to know before you visit	
You have to / must have a visa to enter the USA.  You mustn't / don't have to drive on the left! Here we drive on the right!  You mustn't / don't have to pay to visit most museums and art galleries. Entrance is usually free.  You have to / must visit the Statue of Liberty. It's very impressive.  You mustn't / don't have to smoke in any public building. It is prohibited by law.  You have to / must wear a seat belt at all times in a car.  You mustn't / don't have to go everywhere by subway. You can take the bus.  You must / have to answer some questions when you go through immigration.	

b Complete the sentences with must, mustn't, should, or shouldn't.

1	Adam <u>must</u>	pass all his exams or he won't be able to go to university.
2	I think you	buy the blue dress not the red one. It suits you better.
3	You	take phones into the exam room.
4	You	eat so many sweets. They aren't good for you.
5	You	be quiet when you're in the library.
6	Who do you think	we invite to the party?
7	I know I	go out tonight, but I really want to go to the concert.
8	I fo	rget to call my sister back. She left me a message this morning



c Correct any mistakes in the highlighted phrases. Tick (✔) the correct sentences.



1	You mustn't read text messages when you're talking to	
	somebody.	

You shouldn't read text messages

- 2 Do you have to wear a suit and tie at work?
- 3 I must go to work by bus yesterday. My car was being repaired.
- 4 You don't look well. You should go home.
- 5 You don't have to park here. It says 'no parking'.
- 6 My father is a nurse and he often should work nights.
- 7 In the future, perhaps everyone will have to speak English and Chinese.
- 8 I mustn't cook last night because we went out for dinner.

- d Write a sentence about an obligation in each of the places. Use must, have to, should, and ought to.
  - 1 an airport
    You should arrive two hours before
    the flight leaves.
    2 a cinema
    3 a football stadium
    4 a library

    - \_\_\_\_

6 a swimming pool

5 a museum

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

silent consonants

- a Cross out the silent consonants in the words.
  - 1 mustn't

V

- 2 shouldn't
- 3 lights
- 4 hour
- 5 exhausted
- 6 debt
- 7 mortgage
- 8 foreign
- 9 wrong
- 10 island
- b 4.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

Failure is not falling down. Failure is falling down and not getting up again. Richard Nixon, former US President

**G** ability and possibility: can, could, be able to, reflexive pronouns **V** -ed / -ing adjectives **P** sentence stre

#### **GRAMMAR** ability and possibility, reflexive pronouns

- Read the sentences. If both forms are correct, tick (🗸) the sentence. If only one form is correct, circle the correct form.
  - 1 She can / is able to swim really well because she used to live by the sea.
  - 2 You need to can / be able to drive to live in the country.
  - 3 Luke could / was able to read when he was only three years old.
  - 4 If it doesn't rain tomorrow, we can / we'll be able to go for a long walk.
  - 5 Sorry, I've been so busy that I haven't could / haven't been able to call until now.
  - 6 If Millie had a less demanding job, she could / would be able to enjoy life more.
  - 7 I've never could / been able to dance well, but I'd love to learn.
  - 8 We're really sorry we couldn't / weren't able to come to your wedding.
  - 9 I used to can / used to be able to speak a bit of Polish, but I've forgotten most of it now.
  - 10 Can you / Will you be able to pick me up at the station when I arrive?
  - 11 To work for this company, you must can / must be able to speak at least three languages.
  - 12 I hate not can / not being able to communicate with the local people when I'm travelling.
- b Read Karen Cooke's CV. Then complete the sentences with the correct form of can, could, or be able to.

1	Karen <u>can</u>	play the violin.
2	She	speak a little Portuguese when she
	started working in Lisbo	on.
3	She	_ speak French.
4	She	_ design websites since 2004.
5	She	finish her PhD before she left the USA.
6	She'd like	speak Spanish.
7	She	speak a little Spanish soon.



Name: Karen Cooke

Date of Birth: 11/03/1985

#### **Qualifications**

- Degree in German with Marketing (2008)
- Master's in Business Administration (2011)
- Started PhD in Business (2014) incomplete

#### **Work Experience**

- 2003-2005: Trainer and Operator with Telefunken, London
- 2008-2014: Assistant then Marketing Manager, Telefunken, New York, USA
- 2014-present: Managing Director, JJAM Marketing Services Ltd, Lisbon, Portugal

#### Other Skills

- IT skills advanced. Course in web design 2004.
- · Full driving licence

#### Languages

- · German (fluent)
- · Portuguese (basic) certificate 2013
- . I hope to start Spanish classes next January.

#### **Hobbies and Interests**

• Music - I play the flute and the violin.

- c Match the sentence halves.
  - 1 Thanks for inviting me yesterday. I really enjoyed \_\_c\_
  - 2 She got the job because she'd prepared
  - 3 Have a great time, you two! I'm sure you'll enjoy \_\_
  - 4 My new printer is much better than my old one. It even switches \_\_\_\_
  - 5 We really wanted to watch the sunrise, so we kept \_\_
  - 6 He fell down the stairs, but luckily he didn't hurt \_\_\_\_
  - 7 They've been saving to buy \_\_\_\_
  - a himself badly.
  - b ourselves awake by listening to music.
  - c myself at the concert.
  - d itself off when it isn't being used.
  - e yourselves at the party.
  - f themselves a house since they got married.
  - g herself well for the interview.

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a 4.2 Listen and complete the sentences.



1	She can <u>sing</u>	very well	Bernet =	
2	I've	been	to	
3	Can you	the	?	
4	You	be	<u> </u>	
	to			
5	He	been	to	
	to			
6	We		the	

#### 3 VOCABULARY -ed / -ing adjectives

a Complete the sentences with the correct adjective in **bold**.



1	amazed / amazing
	Venice is an <u>amazing</u> city. You really must go
	there one day.
2	embarrassed / embarrassing
	I felt very when I realized my mistake.
3	frightened / frightening
	He's of dogs. He can't go anywhere
	near them.
4	excited / exciting
	The final half of the match was really
5	bored / boring
	I enjoyed the book, but the film was a bit
6	annoyed / annoying
	I can't stand this quiz show. The presenter is
	really
7	depressed / depressing
	I'm fed up with this terrible weather – it's
	so
8	disappointed / disappointing
	Max was very when he wasn't chosen
	for the job.
9	tired / tiring
	Everyone was after the walk, so
	nobody felt like going out in the evening.
10	frustrated / frustrating
	I got very when I couldn't log onto my
	bank's website.

**b** Complete the sentences with the *-ed* or *-ing* form of the verbs from the list.

	maze <del>annoy</del> bore depress disappoint mbarrass excite frighten frustrate tire
1	I'm really <u>annoyed</u> with my brother – it makes me so angry when he forgets my birthday!
2	My sister can't swim. She's of the water.
3	Looking after small children can be very They have a lot of energy.
4	I was very when my phone rang in the meeting. I could feel my face going red.
5	His exam results were very He failed every subject.
6	I'm really about going to Italy. It's the first time I've been abroad!
7	This programme is really Can we watch something more interesting?
8	l always feel at the end of a holiday. Sometimes I'm unhappy for days!
9	She tried for ages to get back onto the surfboard, but in the end she got and gave up
10	We took lots of photos because the view was so



c Write true sentences about you using the words in **bold**.

1	annoying
	My little brother is sometimes very annoying.
2	bored
3	amazing
4	exciting
5	frightened
6	disappointed
7	frustrating
8	embarrassed

Just play. Have fun. Enjoy the game. Michael Jordan, US basketball player

G past tenses: simple, continuous, perfect V sport P /ɔː/ and /ɜː/

#### VOCABULARY sport

		Sport sport				
a		Read the definitions. Then write the words.				
	1	a sporting event				
		cr <u>owd</u>				
	2	people who are very enthusiastic about a sport f				
	3	an official who makes sure that players obey the rules in, e.g. football, rugby, hockey, etc.				
	4					
	5	an official who makes sure that players obey the rules in, e.g. tennis				
		U				
	6	people who play a game or sport				
	7	a large structure, usually with no roof, where people can sit and watch sport				
		st				
	8	an area with seats around it where public entertainments such as sports events are held				
		a				
	9	the person who is the leader of a team				
	10	a building where, e.g. indoor football is				
	10	played				
		sph				
	11	a person who trains people to compete in				

certain sports

sp\_

12 people who are watching a sports event

b Label the photos with a word from the list.

circuit course court pitch pool slope track



1 swimming pool

2 tennis





3 Formula 1

4 golf\_





5 football

6 ski



7 athletics\_

C	Complete the sentences with the past simple form	
	of the verbs from the list	

	eat do draw get fit get injured go ck lose score throw train win			
1	My wife <u>did</u> athletics when she was			
	younger.			
2	The team hard every day before the tournament.			
2				
J	The French runner the race. He got the gold medal.			
Δ	by cycling to work every day.			
7	Now I'm much healthier than I used to be.			
5	England and Spain their match			
J	2–2.			
6	I didn't play well in the semi-final. I			
	2-6, 1-6.			
7	Marc the ball to his brother, but			
	he dropped it.			
8	Brazil Sweden 5–0 in the final.			
	They had a much stronger team.			
9	The Argentinian striker four goals			
	in the last match.			
0	Our best player in the second			
	half and was taken off to see the team's doctor.			
1	We swimming every day when			
	we were on holiday.			
2	Everyone laughed when I the ball			
	and my shoe came off.			
C	omplete the phrasal verbs in the sentences with ne words from the list.			
of	f out (x2) up			
1	You get fit quickly if you work <u>out</u> every day.			
2	That player is going to be sent if			
	he carries on arguing with the referee.			
3	We'll be knocked of the			
	tournament if we don't win our next match.			
4	You can get injured if you don't warm			
	before you play a match.			

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION /ɔː/ and /ɜː/

a Circle the word with a different sound.

horse	1 ball work out caught warm up
bird	2 first hurt sport world
horse	3 draw fought score slope
3 bird	4 court serve circuit worse

b @5.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

#### 3 GRAMMAR past tenses

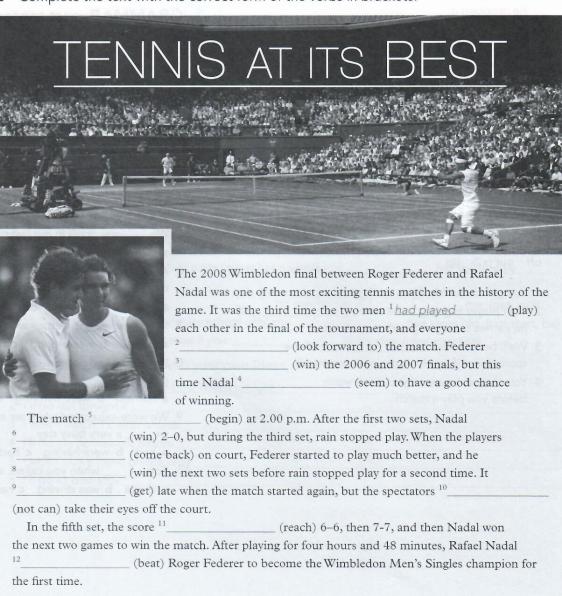
C	ircle a, b, or c.
1	She the gold medal at the last Olympic Games.
	(a won) b was winning c had won
2	I breakfast when I heard the news.
	a had b was having c had had
3	I wanted to go for a swim, but I a towel.
	a didn't bring b wasn't bringing c hadn't brough

- 4 Our guests arrived while we \_\_\_\_ the basketball on TV.
  - a watched **b** were watching **c** had watched
- 5 We \_\_\_\_ any goals in our last match.
  - a didn't score b weren't scoring c hadn't scored
- 6 As soon as the film started, I realized that I \_\_\_\_ it before.
  - a saw b was seeing c had seen
- 7 I \_\_\_\_ hockey and netball when I was at school.
  - a played **b** was playing **c** had played
- 8 It was late and people \_\_\_\_ to get home before it got dark.
  - a hurried **b** were hurrying **c** had hurried
- 9 We were exhausted when we eventually got home we \_\_\_\_\_ a very busy day.
  - a had b were having c had had
- 10 Sorry. I \_\_\_\_ when you called, so I couldn't answer.
  - a drove b was driving c had driven

**b** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the past simple, past continuous, or past perfect.

1	When we arrived	(arrive), everyone else <u>had finished</u>	(finish) their lunch and	
	they were sitting	(sit) in the garden having coffee.		
2	They	(drive) to the airport when they suddenly _		
	(remember) that the	y (not lock) the back door.		
3 I (not recognize) many people at my school reunion because everyone				
		(change) a lot in the last 20 years.		
4	My sister (wait) to go out for dinner yesterday when her boyfriend			
		(call) her to say that he (not	can) come because his car	
	WO-ID II II II IDV	(break down).		
5 Manchester City (beat) Manchester United yesterday. United		erday. United		
		(win) 1–0 in the first half, but City	(score) two goals in	
	the second half.			
6	He	(run) to the station, but the nine o'clock train		
	(already / leave). Th	e station was empty except for two people who _	(wait)	
	for the next train.			

c Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.



Love is like war - easy to begin, but hard to end. Anonymous

**G** past and present habits and states **V** relationships **P** the letter s

1	GRAMMAR	past and	present	habits	and	states
---	---------	----------	---------	--------	-----	--------

- Circle the correct words.
  - 1 I used to see Tusually see my friends two or three times a week. We often go to the cinema.
  - 2 Matt used to play / usually plays basketball, but he doesn't anymore.
  - 3 We didn't use to go / don't usually go away on holiday because we can't afford it.
  - 4 Jordan used to wear / normally wears make-up when she goes
  - 5 Did you use to have / Do you usually have a lot of friends when you were at school?
  - 6 We stayed / usually stay in the same cottage every summer when I was a child.
  - 7 I never used to watch / don't usually watch much TV, but now I'm addicted to Netflix.
  - 8 I went cycling / used to go cycling with some friends last
- Correct any mistakes in the highlighted phrases. Tick (🗸) the correct sentences.
  - 1 Where did you used to live before you moved here? did you use to live
  - 2 Jerry used to have a beard, but now he's shaved it off.
  - 3 I normally go to the gym after work.
  - 4 My wife doesn't use to wear high heels. She doesn't like them
  - 5 Did you use to have long hair when you were younger?
  - 6 I use to walk to work. My office is only ten minutes from my house.
  - 7 Carol never used to be very friendly, but now she always says hello to me.
  - 8 Do you use to get up late on Sundays?
  - 9 I used to go to Paris once with my parents when I was little.
  - 10 We stayed in an expensive hotel when we were in Venice.

- Complete the sentences with usually, or the correct form of used to, and the verbs in brackets.
  - 1 Naomi <u>used to wear</u> glasses, but now she has contact lenses. (wear)
  - 2 My uncle and aunt \_ a present on my birthday, but this year they forgot! (give)
  - my mum on Sundays. We chat for about half an hour. (call)
  - to French classes, but I stopped last month because I'm too busy now. (go)
  - 5 We never , but now we go to a restaurant at least once a week.
  - late, but today I need to finish this report before I go home. (not work)
  - 7 My sister very shy, but now she's much more confident. (be)
  - 8 My boyfriend\_ animals, but now he has a dog. (not like)



#### **2 PRONUNCIATION** the letter s, used to

a 05.2 Listen and circle the word with a different sound.

S.	and the second	J. S.	5
1	2	3	4
<b>s</b> nake	<b>z</b> ebra	<b>sh</b> ower	televi <b>s</b> ion
see	eye <b>s</b>	ti <b>ss</b> ue	u <b>s</b> ually
friends	ea <b>s</b> y	plea <b>s</b> e	plea <b>s</b> ure
most	e <b>s</b> pecially	<b>s</b> ure	deci <b>s</b> ion
social	nowaday <b>s</b>	<b>s</b> ugar	mu <b>s</b> ic

- b 05.2 Listen again and repeat the words.
- c **1** 5.3 Listen and repeat. Copy the <u>rhy</u>thm.
  - 1 Where did you use to live?
  - 2 Did you use to wear glasses?
  - 3 They used to have a lot of money.
  - 4 He **used** to **go** to my **school**.
  - 5 We used to work together.
  - 6 You used to have long hair.
  - 7 We didn't use to get on.
  - 8 I didn't use to like it.

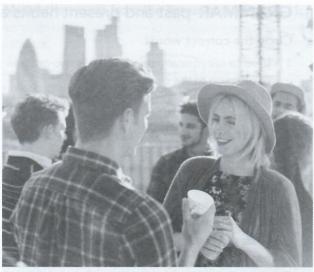
#### 3 VOCABULARY relationships

a Complete the sentences with the people from the list.

	assmates close friend col puple ex fiancé flatmate	
1	Jack's divorced, but he has called Kerry.	a new partner
2	This is Eddie, mynext year.	We're getting married
3	Katie is a very	I tell her everything.
4	That girl over there is my _ together for two years.	We went out
5	Tony and I were	at secondary school.
6	I went to the conference wi work.	th a from
7	Holly is a greatand she's very tidy.	She's good company,
8	Olly and Megan are a very known them since universit	

**b** Read about two relationships. Complete the phrases with a word from the list.

became common fancied got in married met out proposed to together touch up



1	They met	_ at a party.	
2	She	him.	
3	She got	touch.	
4	They went	together.	
5	They didn't have a	a lot in	
6	They broke	Secretaring 1	
7	They lost		



8	They got	know each other.
9	They	on.
10	They	friends.
11	They were	
12	He	to her.
13	They got	



c Complete the text with the highlighted words and phrases from **b**. Use the past simple form of the verbs.

	00			IMG_1304			
*		BEE-SEE	100000	1000	4000	1018	
My photos		(3	Rame F		90		
Work		Ī	Id			Y	A
Website	1				F		1
Ann	a 1 met		Luke wher	she started	work. She <sup>2</sup>		
imm	nediately h other in		e seemed like	a really nice p	erson. The tw _ each other		
bec	ause the	y were botl ey fell in lo	n sports fans.		tt triey	a few times	after
The 8 they	o erit et	<u></u> . A	fter that, Anna	but they argue got a new job ater, they 10	o in a differen	t town and	so
dec	ided to t	ry again, ar	oth still single, nd this time the eren't working	ey <sup>11</sup>	be	tter than be	
12			nna, and she				ast
	ng. A lot		colleagues fro			ing!	
spri							

d Complete the sentences with abstract nouns formed from the words from the list.

fr	iend leader member partner <del>relation</del>	_
1	My dad and I are very close. We have an excellent <u>r</u>	relationship
2	My with Debbie goes back to v We've known each other for years!	when we were at school together.
3	I like the look of the new sports club, so I'm going t	o apply for
4	Karen was promoted to manager because of her	skills.
5	The two brothers have gone intoa restaurant in the square.	together, and they've opened

## digi ZABAN Practical English Old friends

permission and requests

#### PERMISSION AND REQUESTS

- Re-order the words to make phrases for permission and requests.
  - 1 jacket / pass / you / can / my Can you pass my jacket 2 OK/window/I/is/open/if/a/it
  - 3 mind / that / would / repeating / you
  - 4 you / of / take / me / a / could / photo
  - 5 you/if/here/mind/sit/do/l
  - 6 you/do/could/you/bag/carry/think/my
- Circle the correct responses to the questions from a.
  - 1 Yes, I can. / Sure.
  - 2 No problem. / Yes, it is.
  - 3 No, I wouldn't. / Not at all.
  - 4 No problem. / Yes, I could.
  - 5 Of course not. / No, I don't.
  - 6 Yes, I could. / Sure.
- Complete the requests with the correct form of a verb from the list.

de	e join pass meet	take visit
1	Could you do	me a big favour?
2	Is it OK if we	my parents this weekend
3	Would you mind	me at the airport?
4	Do you mind if I	you?
5	Can you	_ the salt?
6	Do you think you cou station?	ld me to the

- d Match the requests from c to responses a-f.
  - a <u>4</u> Of course not. Take a seat.
  - b \_\_\_\_ Sure. Here it is.
  - c \_\_\_\_ Yes, of course. What time's your train?
  - d \_\_\_\_ It depends what it is!
  - e \_\_\_\_ Not at all. When do you land?
  - f \_\_\_\_ Sure. Which day would be best?

#### **SOCIAL ENGLISH**

Complete the highlighted phrases in the conversations with a word from the list.

come		days mind see talk way
1	A B	Hello Richie. You're here at last! Hi Andy. It's great to see you, mate.
2		Come and sit down, Helen. It's been too long. I know. We've got so much toabout.
3		How you're so late? Sorry, I missed the bus.
4		This is nice. You and me having dinner together. Yeah. Just like the old
5		Shall we go out tonight? I'd rather stay in, if you don't
6	A B	So, shall we walk to the station?  No man! Let's get a taxi!

Complete the conversation with the highlighted phrases from a.

Jay	Dan! <sup>1</sup> It's great to see you, mate.
Dan Jay	You too, Jay. It's been years.
Dan	My flight was delayed, and then I had to wait ages for a taxi.
Jay	Well, you're here now. Do you want something to eat?
Dan	3 I want to go out and see the city!
Jay	Don't you want to unpack first?
	No, I can do that later. But I'll take a shower,
Jay	Sure. Go ahead.
Dan	This is great. You and me getting ready to go out.
Jay	Yeah. <sup>5</sup>
Dan	Right, I'm ready. Let's go. 6
	That's true. So much has happened since we last saw each other.

## digi ZABAN Can you remember...? 1–5

#### 1 GRAMMAR

Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Write three words. Contractions are two words, e.g. isn't.

1	I met my partner six years ago.
	I've known my partner
2	I'll carry that case for you.
	that case for you?
3	Jacob started studying at 9.00 a.m., and he's still studying nov
	Jacob since 9.00 a.m.
4	Playing football is prohibited in the pedestrian zone.
	You football in the pedestrian zone.
5	I can't go to your party next Friday.
	I won't go to your party next Friday.
6	My sister cried a lot when she was a child.
	As a child, my sister a lot.

#### 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 boiled tinned roast steamed
- 2 selfish stubborn bossy reliable
- 3 tax voicemail budget loan
- 4 ferry road works traffic lights zebra crossing
- 5 call back dial hang up propose
- 6 captain stadium coach referee

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

bull	1 c <b>oul</b> d f <b>oo</b> d g <b>oo</b> d s <b>u</b> gar
<b>u</b> b <b>oo</b> t	2 l <b>o</b> se p <b>oo</b> l c <b>oo</b> k h <b>u</b> ge
c <b>o</b> mputer	3 propose mortgage petrol stubborn
h <b>o</b> rse	4 course draw score world
bird	5 h <b>ur</b> t sp <b>or</b> t <b>ear</b> n w <b>or</b> se

#### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Complete the article. Write one word in each space.

## A perfect match

Andre Agassi and Steffi Graf both used to be very famous tennis players. They're also a <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_.

The pair have been married <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2001, and they have two teenage children.

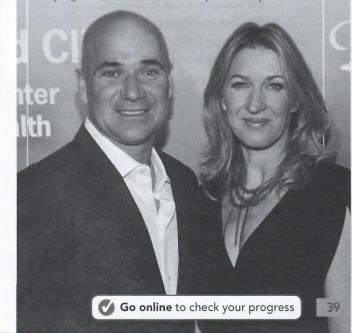
Agassi and Graf have a lot <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ common.

When they were little, their fathers were very ambitious for them. As children, they <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_

ambitious for them. As children, they <sup>4</sup> to practise for hours each day to become successful players.

In 1992, both Agassi and Graf won Wimbledon, but they didn't actually meet until 1999, when they both won the French Open tournament in Paris. At the time, the two were quite different <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_each other. Agassi was famous <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_\_his wild appearance and rebellious personality, while Graf was quieter and <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_\_sensible. The two started going <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_\_together after the tournament, and they've been together ever since.

During their careers, Agassi and Graf earned a lot of money, and today they <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ worth millions of dollars. They both work for different organizations helping to <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ money for charity.



All you need to make a movie is a girl and a gun. Jean-Luc Godard, French director

G passive (all tenses) V cinema P regular and irregular past p

#### **GRAMMAR** passive (all tenses)

- Circle the correct form, active or passive.
  - 1 The film sets / is set in Manchester in the
  - 2 A well-known comedy writer wrote / was written the script.
  - 3 Special effects will use / will be used to create the monster.
  - 4 Some of the extras have invited / have been invited to the film premiere.
  - 5 Cinemas all over the country are showing / are being shown the musical.
  - 6 The drama is going to dub / is going to be dubbed into other languages.
  - 7 It was very windy while they were filming / were being filmed the final scenes.
  - 8 Tickets for the show can buy / can be bought online.
- Complete the sentences with the correct passive form of the verbs in brackets.

1	The director's new film Is	s based	
	on a true story. (base)		
2	I've just read that Jude L	.aw	
	for an Oscar. I hope he v	vins! (nominate)	
3	The final scene	in -	
	Africa right now. (film)		
4	The actor looked very different because		
	he i	nto an old man by	
	the make-up artist. (trans	sform)	
5	The first Star Wars films	Milliant	
	by George Lucas. (direct)		
6	One of the workers fell off a ladder while		
	the set	(build)	
7	The sequel	next year.	

several times before the director was

(release)

8 The scene had to

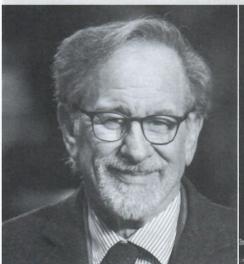
satisfied. (shoot)

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

## STEVEN SPIELBERG

Four decades of film history

Steven Spielberg 1\_\_\_\_ films for over 40 years. The film that made him famous around the world was Jaws, which 2 1975. Jaws <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_ the story of a holiday resort where swimmers by a huge great white shark. Spielberg had many problems with the mechanical sharks while the film 5\_\_\_\_, but he managed to finish it in the end. Jaws was extremely successful, and it three Academy Awards. Since then, Spielberg <sup>7</sup> films which have since become classics, including Close Encounters of the Third Kind, E.T., and Jurassic Park. He for an Oscar seven times and has won the award for Best Director twice: for Schindler's List and Saving Private Ryan. Today, Spielberg 9\_\_\_\_ to be one of the most popular directors and producers in film history. Now in his seventies, he's still making films, and it seems unlikely that he  $^{10}$  any time soon.





1 a has been making

2 a is released

3 a is told

4 a are being attacked

5 a was shot

6 a was won

7 a has been directed

8 a nominated

9 a considers

10 a will retire

**b** has been made

**b** released

**b** tells

**b** are attacking

**b** shoot

**b** won

**b** has directed

**b** has nominated

**b** is considered

b will be retired

c is made

c was released

c was told

c attack

c was being shot

c was being won

c was directed

c has been nominated

c has been considered

c is retired

- PRONUNCIATION regular and irregular past participles
- a Look at the past participles. Which sounds do the letters in **bold** have? Write the words from the list in the correct column in the chart.

said shot taken told used waited watched won worn written

tie tie	1 finished looked released watched
<b>d</b> og	2 film <b>ed</b> play <b>ed</b> own <b>ed</b>
/Id/ /Id/	3 add <b>ed</b> direct <b>ed</b> repeat <b>ed</b>
fish	4 built given hit
D clock	5 c <b>o</b> st g <b>o</b> ne g <b>o</b> t
norse	6 br <b>ough</b> t dr <b>aw</b> n t <b>augh</b> t
egg egg	7 felt left meant
<b>A</b> up	8 d <b>o</b> ne dr <b>u</b> nk r <b>u</b> n
train	9 based made paid
phone	10 ch <b>o</b> sen fl <b>ow</b> n st <b>o</b> len

**b** @6.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the groups of words.

#### 3 VOCABULARY cinema

a Match the words from the list to definitions 1–12.

action film animation comedy drama historical film horror film musical rom-com science fiction film thriller war film western

- 1 an amusing film that has a happy ending comedy
- 2 a film that has a lot of exciting events, e.g. fights and car chases
- 3 a film about imaginary events in the future
- 4 a film with a serious story
- 5 a film where the cast sing and dance
- 6 a film with an exciting story, often about a crime
- 7 a film based on real events in the past
- 8 a scary film
- 9 a film about soldiers fighting battles
- 10 a film about life in the past in the US
- 11 a film which is made with pictures that appear to move
- 12 a funny film about love



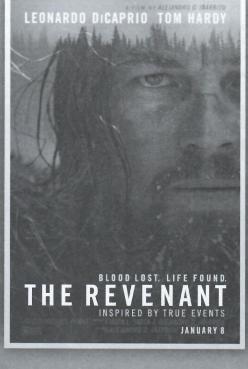
C	omplete the sentences.		
1	The star of the film was a		
	famous British actress.		
2	I didn't understand the film because the		
	pl was very complicated.		
3	the part of part of part of the part of th		
	as he had read the sc		
4	nord or and a nord or jung at		
	the end of the film.		
5	Most critics have given the film an		
	excellent r		
6	They only had to shoot the sc		
_	once.		
7	It's a French film, but with English		
^	S		
8	You'll have to wait for the s to		
0	find out what happens next.		
9	My favourite s is the music		
10	from Guardians of the Galaxy.		
10	The best thing about the film was the		
	spe They were very realistic.		
11	The director is looking for e		
L	to act in the crowd scenes.		
12	The c was a mixture of British		
12	and American actors.		
13	The Times film cr didn't like		
	the film at all.		
14	The two actors first met on the		
2000	s of the film La La Land.		
15	I've seen the tr, and it looks		

Complete the text with the phrases from the list.

is based on was directed by was dubbed into plays the part of is set in was shot

## THE REVENANT

The Revenant is a 2015 American western. It <sup>1</sup> was directed by Mexican film director Alejandro G. Iñárritu. The film 2\_ the north-western part of the US. It 3 \_\_\_\_\_\_ a novel about the experiences of Hugh Glass, a man who lived in the area in the early 1800s. The Revenant <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ on location in Canada, the US, and Argentina. Leonardo DiCaprio <sup>5</sup> Hugh Glass and won an Academy Award for his performance. The Revenant was made in English, but it <sup>6</sup> other languages.





like a really interesting film.

## **digi** ZABAN Every picture tells a story

He

Take care of your body. It's the only place you have to live. Jim Rohn, American businessman

**G** modals of deduction: might, can't, must **V** the body **P** diphthong

#### **GRAMMAR** modals of deduction

Circle the correct words.



1 That man can't / must be the new boss. Our new boss is a woman.



2 You must / can't be really tired. You've had a long trip.



3 I'm not sure what book to buy Oliver. He might not / mustn't like the same kind of things as me.



4 Paula can't / could be injured. She isn't running very well at all today. She's very slow.



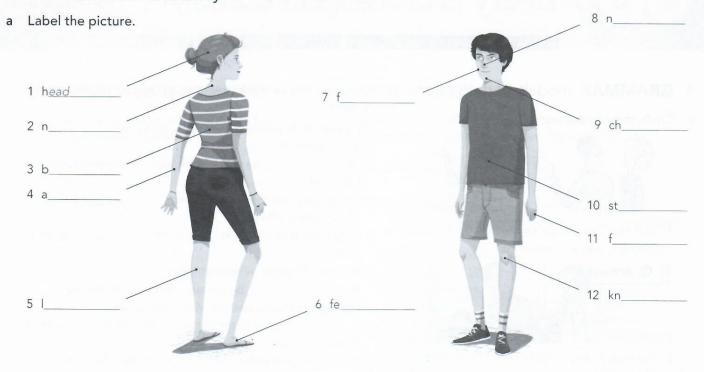
5 Your neighbour must / might not have a good job. He has a very expensive car.



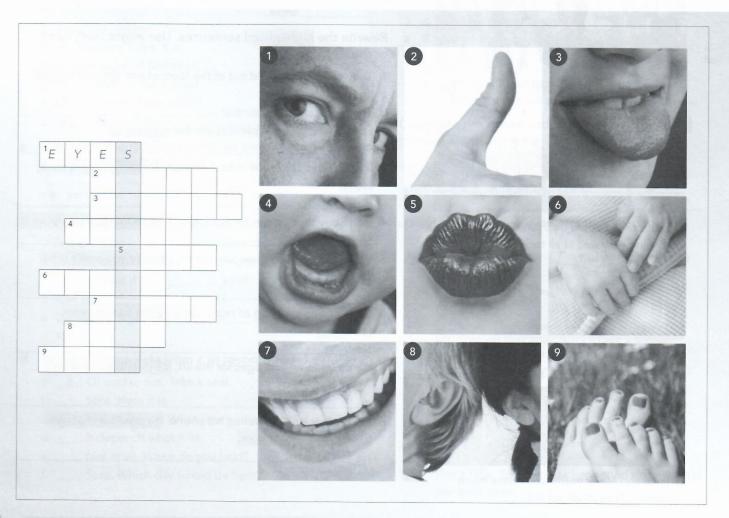
6 Luke and Molly must / can't have much money. They never go out.

	omplete the sentences with must, might, might not, r can't.
1	He lived in Argentina for five years, so he <u>must</u> speak good Spanish!
2	You be very busy at work. You're always on Facebook!
3	I'm not sure, but the new assistant be Italian. Her surname is Rossi.
4	Mark passed all his exams. His parents be very proud.
5	A I think England will win tonight.
	B You be serious! They have no chance!
6	Lucy wasn't feeling well this afternoon, so she come to the party tonight. She said she'd let us know later today.
7	I thought our neighbour was away on holiday, but she be – I've just seen her in her garden.
8	It's very cold and cloudy this evening. I think it snow.
	r must.  They've been knocked out of the tournament. I'm sure they're disappointed.  They must be disappointed
2	Emily's late. It's possible that she has a meeting.  She
3	It's 8.30 and Tom's still in bed. I'm sure he isn't going to work today.  He
4	Don't buy that jumper for Ruth. It's possible that she won't like it She
5	We've only walked three kilometres. I'm sure you aren't tired already. You
6	
7	We've been waiting ages for the lift. It's possible that it isn't working.
	It
8	My brother isn't answering his phone. It's possible that he's driving home from work.

### 2 VOCABULARY the body



**b** Look at the pictures. Complete the puzzle to find the hidden part of the body.



digiZABAN

Complete the sentences with a verb from the list. d Complete the sentences with a part of the body.

	te clap kick nod point smell nile stare taste throw touch whistle
1	It's rude to <u>stare</u> at people. It can make them feel uncomfortable.
2	You'll have to the ball harder to score a goal.
3	Don't that plant with your hand – it's poisonous.
4	If you're in another country and don't speak the language, you can at the thing you war in a shop or café.
5	I can something burning. Did you turn off the oven?
6	My grandparents always look unhappy in photos because they never at the camera.
7	He was too embarrassed to speak, but he was able to his head to show he had understood.
8	Did the audience much at the end of the concert?
9	Lisa doesn't like dogs because she's afraid they'll her.
10	I often my favourite song when I'm in the shower.
11	Don't drop rubbish in the street it in the bin.
12	Can you the soup? I think it might need more salt.

1	You kick with your <u>foot</u> .
2	You point with your
3	You smile with your
4	You taste with your
5	You nod with your
6	You stare with your
7	You smell with your
8	You touch with your
9	You whistle with your
10	You bite with your
11	You clap with your

### **PRONUNCIATION** diphthongs

a Circle the word with a different sound.

bike	1 bite smile height weight
train	2 face great eyes taste
phone	3 nose tongue throw toes
ao owl	4 sound crowd mouth shoulders
chair	5 hair here stare wear
ear	6 app <b>ea</b> rance b <b>ear</b> d f <b>air</b> s <b>e</b> rious

repeat the words.



One child, one teacher, one book, one pen can change the world. Malala Yousafzai

**G** first conditional and future time clauses + when, until, etc. **V** education **P** the letter **u** 

#### 1 VOCABULARY education



#### Complete the sentences. Order the letters to make school subjects.

1	<u>Physics</u> (siphycs) is the scientific study of natur forces such as light, sound, heat, electricity, pressure etc.	
2	(ogphyrage) is the study of the world's surface, physical qualities, climate, countries, products, population, etc.	5
3	(lobigyo) is the scientific study of living	g
	things.	
4	(teturelira) is the study of poetry, dram	18
	and fiction.	
5	(trymische) is the scientific study of substances and what happens to them in different conditions.	
6	(rytohis) is the study of past events.	
7	(fortionmain nogytechlo	o)
	is the study of computers for collecting, storing and sending out information.	
8	(eticsmamath) is the study of numbers	,
	quantities or shapes.	

#### b Match the words from the list to definitions 1–11.

boarding school degree head nursery school primary school private school pupils secondary school state school students term		
	Children in school.  pupils  A school for children aged four to eleven.	
3	The teacher in charge of a school.	
4	A school controlled by the government.	
5	An official document that students gain by successfully completing a course at university.	
6	A school that parents pay for.	
7	A period of time that the school year is divided into	
8	A school that children live at while they're studying.	
9	A school for children aged from about two to five.	
0	People who are studying at school or university.	
1	A school for children aged from eleven to eighteen.	

#### Complete the sentences.

Ir	the US
1	Very young children often go to kindergarten.
2	Children start e sch when they're six.
3	Schoolchildren are divided by age group into gr
4	The school year is divided into s
5	After middle school, students go on to hsch
6	Students finish school in twgr
7	When they leave school, some students go to c to continue their education.

## d Complete the texts with the past simple form of the verbs from the list.

be expelled be punished cheat let make misbehave (not) be allowed to



	haved badly <sup>1</sup> wer	
so very few stude	ents <sup>2</sup>	in clas
We <sup>3</sup>	talk durir	ng lessons,
and the teacher <sup>4</sup>		us stand
up every time an	other teacher can	ne into the
classroom. We ha	ad to wear a unifo	orm, and we
5	if we wore so	mething
different. We had	d to study a lot, ar	nd nobody
6	in exams. In t	the final year,
the teachers were	en't as strict with	us, and they
7	terre este	ool during the

fail pass revise take



university. I <sup>8</sup>	s before my fina	for several weeks
and I didn't go ou	t at all. I 9	
eight exams, and I was very relieved when I had		
finished. In the en	id, I 10	all of
them, but my frier	nds weren't so	lucky. They
11	some of th	e exams, so they

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION the letter u

a Circle the word with a different sound.

uf boot	1 fruit (lunch) scooter true
<b>A</b> up	2 c <b>ou</b> ple m <b>u</b> ssels p <b>u</b> ll t <b>o</b> ngue
U bull	3 cut full push put
/ju/ /ju/	4 musical stupid subtitles tuna

- **GRAMMAR** first conditional and future time clauses + when, until, etc.
- a Match the sentence halves.

1	Will you buy a car	_ e
2	Mike's parents will be furious	
3	I'll have more time to help you	
4	You'll have to go to a new school	
5	He won't pass his exams	
6	Nina won't go back to work	
7	You'll need to buy the book	
8	I'll stay at home	

- a unless he revises more.
- b after I come back from my holiday.
- c if he fails his exam again.
- d before the classes start.
- e if you pass your driving test?
- f when your family moves house.
- g if I still don't feel well in the morning.
- h until her daughter starts school.



**b** Complete the sentences with a word from the list. Use each word only once.

af	iter before if un	less until when			
1	They won't be able	to leave the school	unless the	e teacher gives	them permission.
2	They'll have to wea	r a uniform	they go to	secondary scho	ol.
3	I'll talk to my teache	ersI cl	noose my exam s	subjects.	
4	Ella will be disappo	inted	she doesn't get	good marks.	
5	I'll have a long holid	day th	e course finishes		
6	The teacher won't s	start the class	all the po	upils are quiet.	
	omplete the sente mple or future (wi		rect form of th	e verbs in brad	ckets. Use the present
1	1 11 do	_ my homework as	soon as I get	h	ome. (do, get)
2	We	late unless we		(be, hurry)	
	1				out)
4	The school bus	for	you if you	(	on time. (not wait, not be)
	If the teacher				
6	James	home until	ne	a job. (no	ot leave, find)
7	Alice	buy a car unl	ess her parents _		her the money.
	(not be able to, len				
8	As soon as my boyt	riend	his results	, he	me. (get, call)
9	She	primary schoo	l until she	fi	ve years old. (not start, be
10	You	better if you _		_ every day. (p	lay, practise)
C	omplete the sente	ences with your ov	vn ideas.		
1	I'll charge my phon	e when I get home t	oniaht		
	I'll go out tonight if				
	I won't watch TV lat				
	I'll do my homework before				
	, ,				

b

## digi ZABAN The hotel of Mum and I

Home is a place you grow up wanting to leave and grow old wanting to get back to. John Ed Pearce, US journalist

**G** second conditional, choosing between conditionals V houses P sentence stress, the letter c

between conditionals	in brackets. Use the first or second conditional.
Match the sentence halves.	1 If they offer me the job, I'll take it
1 If we had the time, <u>d</u>	(I / take it)
2 I'd like my flat more,	2 If my car wasn't being repaired,
3 You'd be able to find a job	I'd give you a lift (I / give you a lift)
4 If my sister didn't work so hard,	3 If I had Emily's number,
5 If we bought a bigger house in the country,	(I / call her)
6 If they could live anywhere they wanted to,	4 You'll miss the train if
7 We'd get on better	(you / not hurry up)
8 I wouldn't want to live in London,	5 If I see John,
o Twodian't want to iive in Edildon,	(I / tell him the news)
a she could spend more time with her children.	6 Rob wouldn't send you flowers
b they'd move to France.	if (he / not love you)
c if you spoke better English.	7 If my mother didn't live on her
d we'd do the housework ourselves.	own, (she / be happier)
e if we didn't have to share an office.	8 If it rains on Saturday,
f unless I earned a lot of money.	(they / cancel the match)
g if it was on the top floor.	9 You wouldn't spend so much money
h we'd be able to have a dog.	if (you / not eat out every night).
Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the second conditional.  1 If Tom had more time, he'd paint	10 Rita won't go to work tomorrow if (she / not feel better)
his room himself. (have, paint)	2 PRONUNCIATION sentence
2 Lucy happier if her flatmate	stress, the letter c
the kitchen more often. (be, clean)	
3 I to work if I a	a  07.2 Listen and complete the sentences.
parking space. (not drive, not have)  4 you working if you	1 If I <u>did</u> more <u>exercise</u> , I'd be a
a lot of money? (carry on, win)	lot fitter
5 I'm sure Sally better if she	2 I'd my own if I had
so much coffee. (sleep, not drink)	a
6 My parents me the money if I	3 Would you a if you
to buy a new car. (lend, need)	?
7 I surprised if it	4 If it were,
tonight. (not be, snow)	I the
8 If our house so small, you	
all stay the night. (not be, can)	5   if   if
9 jou if you	
your alarm? (wake up, not set)	b 37.2 Listen again and repeat the
10. If we another bathroom, there	sentences. <u>Copy</u> the <u>rhy</u> thm.

a queue for the shower. (have, not be)

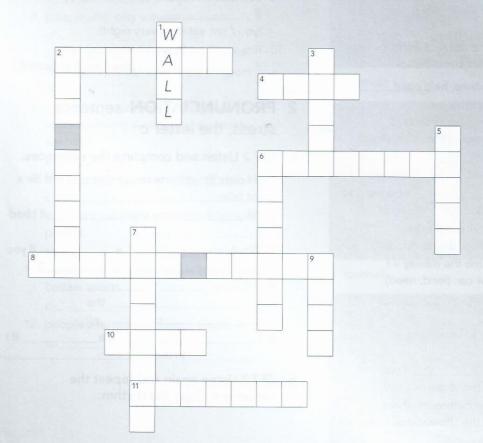
C	Say the pairs of words. Do the letters in <b>bold</b> have the same
	pronunciation or are they pronounced differently? Write <b>S</b> (same)
	or <b>D</b> (different).

1	<b>c</b> arpet	location	_S_	5	city	<b>c</b> entre _	
2	<b>c</b> abin	<b>c</b> eiling	D	6	<b>c</b> astle	musi <b>ci</b> an _	
3	<b>c</b> entre	cosy		7	de <b>c</b> ide	entran <b>ce</b> _	
4	spa <b>ci</b> ous	spe <b>ci</b> al		8	fireplace	bal <b>c</b> onv	

d @7.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

#### 3 VOCABULARY houses

- a Complete the sentences with in or on.
  - 1 We're looking for a flat <u>in</u> a suburb. We don't want to live in the city centre.
  - 2 I'd love to live by the sea, maybe \_\_\_\_ the south coast.
  - 3 All the bedrooms are \_\_\_\_ the first floor.
  - 4 Sara bought a beautiful cottage \_\_\_\_ the country, where she can ride her horse.
  - 5 Chris lives \_\_\_\_ the outskirts of the city, so he has to commute to the centre every day.
  - 6 My grandparents live \_\_\_\_ a town north of Manchester called Blackburn.
- b Complete the crossword.



#### DOWN J

- 1 one of the sides of a room or building joining the ceiling to the floor
- 2 the highest floor of a building



5 the space or room under the roof of a house





9 the part of the building that covers the top of it

#### ACROSS →

2 a flat, hard area, especially outside a house or restaurant, where you can sit, eat, and enjoy the sun



- 6 a room or rooms in a building, partly or completely below ground level
- 8 the floor of a building that is at street level

10



11



c Complete the adverts. Circle a, b, or c.



#### FOR SALE

This  $^1$ \_\_\_ flat is on the top floor of a building with magnificent views of Regent Park. All the rooms are very  $^2$ \_\_\_. It has three bedrooms, a bathroom, and a large  $^3$ \_\_\_ kitchen. The living room has a  $^4$ \_\_\_ floor, and there are carpets in all the bedrooms.

1 a modern

**b** recent

c young

2 a clear

**b** light

c lit

3 a big

**b** spacious

c tiny

4 a board

**b** rug

c wooden



#### FOR SALE

This 18th-century cottage is situated in a quiet village. It has a kitchen, bathroom, living room, and two small but  $^5$ \_\_\_ bedrooms. All the rooms have low  $^6$ \_\_\_, and the walls are made  $^7$ \_\_ stone. There is an open  $^8$ \_\_ in the living room, but the house also has central heating.

5 a cosy

**b** safe

c soft

6 a ceilings

**b** roofs

c walls

7 **a** by

b in

c of

8 a chimney

**b** fire

c heating



#### FOR SALE

This recently-built house is located on the  $^9$ \_\_\_ of the city, with good public transport links. Downstairs there's a kitchen, a living room, and a dining room, while on the  $^{10}$ \_\_\_ floor are three bedrooms and a stylish bathroom. Outside the house there are four  $^{11}$ \_\_\_ down to a small garden, where there's a  $^{12}$ \_\_ which is perfect for outdoor entertaining.

9 a suburbs

**b** outskirts

c centre

10 a ground

**b** first

c second

11 a steps

**b** stairs

c paths

12 a terrace

**b** basement

c balcony

# digi ZABAN Practical English Boys' night out

making suggestions

#### **MAKING SUGGESTIONS**

а	Re-order the words to make phrases for making and
	responding to suggestions.

1	not / why	
	Why not	?
2	very / fish / keen / not / I'm / on / raw	
3	a / idea / great / that's	!
4	restaurant / don't / sushi / that / we / why / new / try	
		?
5	about / Chinese / having / what / a	
		?
6	shall / lunch / go / we / where / for	
	Child of the state	?
7	cab / could / to / time / get / we / a / save	
8	Italian / to / going / how / an / restaurant / about	
	reality to y going y new y any restaurancy about	2
9	there / go / let's	•

#### Complete the conversation with the phrases from a.

Jess	I'm hungry. 'Where shall we go for lunch	?
Phil	I think there's a burger bar near here. 2	
Jess	Phil, you know I don't eat meat.	-
	Oops! Sorry, I forgot. Well, 3	
		?
	I fancy some pasta.	
Jess	Aren't you on a diet?	
Phil	Well, yes	
Jess	No Italian for you, then. 4	?
Phil	I'm not sure about Japanese food. <sup>5</sup>	
Jess	Well, <sup>6</sup>	?
	I know a place that does excellent fried rice.	
Phil	7	? Is it very far?
Jess	It's a couple of blocks away. 8	
Phil	9	I lot's do that

#### **2 VERB FORMS**

Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verb from the list.

ea	at out go meet	order play watch
1	We could <u>order</u>	a pizza.
2	Shall we	a movie?
3 What about		at 9 p.m.?
4 Why don't we		cards?
5	How about	to the theatre?
6	Let's	_ tonight.

#### **3 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

Complete the conversation.

Joe?
Hi, Ellie.
It's Mum's birthday, and you're late.
Where are you, <sup>1</sup> anyway ?
That's <sup>2</sup> whI'm calling.
I'm not going to <sup>3</sup> m it for
dinner.
Why not?
I'm at a friend's house. She's
<sup>4</sup> o to Germany
tomorrow to start her new job,
and I wanted to say goodbye.
But why tonight? It's <sup>5</sup> n
that I don't think you should say
goodbye, but couldn't you do it
tomorrow?
Not really. I wanted to have a
<sup>6</sup> w with her about
something before she left.
Mum's going to be upset.
Sorry, Ellie. It won't <sup>7</sup> h
again. Tell Mum I'll see her tomorrow.

### digi ZABAN Can you remember...? 1-7

#### **GRAMMAR**

Circle the correct words.

- 1 John and Mary are delighted because their son gets / 's getting / will get married next year.
- 2 He plays / 's playing / 's been playing tennis for ten years.
- 3 You don't have to / ought to / mustn't send text messages when you're driving. It's against the law.
- 4 I'd love to can / be able to / could to play the piano, but I can't.
- 5 If I have / had / will have time tonight, I'll send you those photos.
- 6 If I knew the answer, I'll tell / tell / 'd tell you.

#### 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 dishonest irresponsible sympathetic unkind
- 2 borrow charge invest salary
- 3 boarding primary state head
- 4 arena coach sports hall stadium
- 5 cast extra plot star
- 6 lips shoulder teeth tongue

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

Circle the word with a different sound.

key	1 <b>c</b> arpet <b>c</b> ast <b>c</b> inema <b>c</b> ritic
<b>s</b> nake	2 ceiling centre cosy terrace
<b>sh</b> ower	3 <b>c</b> ity musi <b>c</b> ian spa <b>c</b> ious spe <b>c</b> ial
train	4 st <b>are</b> state taste trailer
<b>3</b> bike	5 <b>eye</b> s f <b>ai</b> l h <b>igh</b> sm <b>i</b> le

#### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

### Alternative schooling

Mother-of-two, Sue Cowley, is an experienced teacher and author of many books on how to give children 1\_\_\_\_ education. These days, teachers 2\_\_\_\_ the first people to insist that children must be educated at school, not at home. However, Mrs Cowley doesn't agree. That's why she decided to take her children out of school for six months to go on a road trip. The route the family took by the children themselves, Alvie and Edite, who were eleven and eight at the time.

In November 2014, they 4\_\_\_\_ in the family car and headed for the Netherlands, where they stayed in a mobile home on the of Amsterdam. They visited Anne Frank's house and the Rijksmuseum. From there, they drove all around Europe before making their way to China. While their 6\_\_\_\_ were studying hard at school, Alvie and Edite 7\_ giant pandas at Beijing Zoo.



The children 8\_\_\_ get up early or study on their trip, but their mother 9\_\_\_\_ them write a page in their travel diary every day. Alvie and Edite learned a lot on their travels, including how to draw an accurate map of Europe and what to do if you become separated from your family on the underground.

at school since they returned from their trip, but Mrs Cowley would like to take them on another adventure one day.

- 1 a better **b** best 2 a are usually b usually are 3 a chose
  - c used to be **b** was chose c was chosen
- 4 a set down **b** set off 5 a coast

6 a classmates

9 a allowed

10 a They're

7 a have visited

**b** outskirts

**b** had visited

- c suburbs **b** colleagues c partners
  - c were visiting

c the best

c set up

- 8 a can't **b** didn't have to
  - c mustn't **b** let c made
  - **b** They've been c They were



# **digi** ZABAN The right job for you

People who work sitting down get paid more than people who work standing up. Ogden Nash, US poet

G choosing between gerunds and infinitives V work P word stre

#### **VOCABULARY** work

Complete the text with words from the list.

applied overtime promoted ran redundant resign retire sacked set up shifts training course

	My father's first job was in a small local	
	company. He had to do a lot of 1 overtime	
	which he really hated, but he knew he would	
	be 2 if he didn't do it. One day,	
	he decided to <sup>3</sup> from the job. He	
	for a new job with a multinational	
	factory. Then, he got 6 to supervisor.	
	company. At first, he worked <sup>5</sup> in a factory. Then, he got <sup>6</sup> to supervisor. Later, he was made <sup>7</sup> because	
	business was bad. After that, my dad did a	
	in Business Management, and he his own business. He 10	
	the company for 20 years, and he didn't	
	until he was 68 years old.	1
	This photo shows the party they organized	
	for him on his last day.	
	APPLY DIE	
	A ID III	
	E Problem 12	
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4	and the second	
-	-000	

b Complete the sentences with a preposition and a word from the list.

freelance full-time part-time permanent self-employed temporary unemployed



	TOTAL
	Maxine is a <u>self-employed</u> mechanic. She loves working <u>for</u> herself.
2	My niece is still school, but she has a job. She only works on Friday evenings and Saturdays.
3	Oliver is his third year of medicine. He's hoping to get a job as a waiter for the summer to earn some money.
4	Laura is charge of IT at the public library. It's a job – she works from 8 a.m to 6 p.m. every day.
5	My cousin used to work a large multinational company, but he's been since he was made redundant last year.
6	My boyfriend has a job in a bank, and he hopes to stay there until he retires. He's responsible customer loans.
7	My sister is a software developer. She works

th	ne word in <b>bold</b> .			
1	A <u>musician</u> plays <b>music</b> for a living.	a	Ur	nder <u>line</u> the stressed syllable.
	They're looking for a to <b>translate</b>		1	ap pli ca tion
	some documents into Polish.		2	ap ply
- 3	The company employs 200 staff – 150 are in full-			em ploy ment
	time		4	far mer
4	Helen studied <b>pharmacy</b> because she wanted to			free lance
_	be a			law yer
5	When we <b>retire</b> , we'd like to spend our			mu si cian
,	with our grandchildren.			permainent
0	They're going to <b>promote</b> someone, but we don't know who's going to get the			phar ma cist
7	Colin's interested in <b>law</b> , so he'd like to be			pro mo tion
,	a			qualification
8	My son is good at all the <b>sciences</b> , so I'm sure he'll			quallify
	be a when he's older.			re dun dant
9	My colleague tried to <b>resign</b> , but our boss wouldn't			re sig na tion
	accept his			re tire
10	I applied for the job, but I sent in the			re tire ment
	too late.			sci en tist
11	A has to get up early to look after			tem pora ry
	his <b>farm</b> .			trans la tion
12	He wasn't <b>qualified</b> for the job, because he didn't	-	20	un em ployed
	have any	b	1	8.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat.
C	ompany fire market run work			nd infinitives
1	I like spending time with John. I enjoy his	а	Ci	rcle a, b, or c.
	company .		1	It's difficult a good job these days.
	The police their guns in the air.			a finding b to find c find
3	I dropped my phone in the bath and now it		2	He isn't very good at decisions.
	doesn't			a making b to make c make
	I five kilometres every evening.		3	They promised me at the end of the month.
5	Jane was because she stole money			a paying b to pay c pay
,	from the company.		4	I should It's getting late.
6	We always buy fruit and vegetables from our			a going b to go c go
7	local			an application form can take ages.
1	My sister has applied for a job with an engineering			a Filling in b To fill in c Fill in
8	There isn't a big for this kind of			My girlfriend told me her later.
	product in Europe.			a calling b to call c call
9	part-time in a café.			The film I saw last night made me
	One day, I would like to my own			a crying b to cry c cry
	business.			Tim really enjoys in a team.
				a working b to work c work
				I went to the supermarket some bread.
				a buying <b>b</b> to buy <b>c</b> buy
				I gave up basketball when I went to university.
				a playing <b>b</b> to play <b>c</b> play



) C	Correct any mistakes in the highlighted verbs. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct sentences.
1	I remember having my first job interview. I was really nervous!
2	Lift heavy weights can give you back problems.
	Lifting heavy weights
3	The interviewer asked me wait in reception.
4	I know you don't like my boyfriend, but please try to be nice to him.
5	Go on, tell me! I promise to not laugh.
6	The bus didn't come, so we started walking home.
7	Anna went on study until midnight.
8	It's impossible to read your writing!
9	If you're tired, I don't mind stay in tonight.
10	Everyone is afraid of being sacked.
С	complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.
1	I went to the bank <u>to get</u> some money. (get)
	Try to your boss. He might be able to help you. (talk)
	I want you me exactly what happened. (tell)
4	I didn't remember the cooker, so the kitchen was full of smoke. (turn off)
	Some couples can go on to each other for days after an argument. (not speak)
6	I'm going out with Jamie because he makes me (laugh)
7	drive is one of the requirements of the job. (be able to)
8	The service had been so bad that the manager agreed us for our meal. (not charge)

Buy less, choose well, make it last. Vivienne Westwood, British fashion designer

**G** reported speech: sentences and questions **V** shopping, making nouns from verbs **P** the letters *ai* 

#### **GRAMMAR** reported speech

- Circle the correct words.
  - 1 Matt said yesterday that he will / would come shopping with me.
  - 2 We asked the sales assistant how much it was / was it.
  - 3 My sister said me / told me that she had spent all her money in the sales.
  - 4 Tasked Lucy where she bought / did she buy her clothes.
  - 5 You told me that you may / might go shopping on Saturday.
  - 6 My brother asked me if I can / if I could lend him £50 until next weekend.
  - 7 Kate said that she had to / must go to the supermarket.
  - 8 I asked my sister whether suited me the dress / the dress suited me, and she said I looked great!
  - 9 Helena asked me what I wanted I did I want from the shops.
  - 10 Nick said that he couldn't pay me back, because he 's forgotten / 'd forgotten his
- **b** Complete the sentences with said or told.
  - 1 Jackie said \_\_\_\_ that she was thinking of buying a new car.
  - 2 My boyfriend \_\_\_\_\_ me he wanted to see his friends more often.
  - 3 You \_\_\_\_\_ you'd check the price online.
  - \_\_ you I might be late.
  - 5 Ryan \_\_\_\_\_ me that he couldn't find his credit card.
  - 6 My sister \_\_\_\_\_ \_ that she would buy me a new smartphone for my birthday.

- Report the conversations.
  - 1 'Where do you buy your clothes?' 'I buy them online.'
    - I asked Kate where she bought her clothes
    - She told me (that) she bought them online
  - 2 'Have you seen my wallet?'

'I don't know where it is.'

He asked me

Isaid

3 'Do your school shoes still fit you?'

'They fit me perfectly!'

I asked my daughter \_\_\_

She told

4 'How much did you pay for your jacket?'

'It was a bargain.'

I asked Oliver

He said

5 'Where are you going tomorrow?'

'I'm meeting some friends.'

Sophie asked me \_\_\_

6 'Do you need anything from the shop?'

'I want some chocolate.'

l asked John

He said

7 'Did you enjoy your stay?'

'It's been very enjoyable.'

She asked us \_\_\_\_\_

We told \_\_\_\_

8 'When are you going shopping?'

'I may go on Saturday.'

Holly asked me \_\_\_

I said



- 2 VOCABULARY shopping, making nouns from verbs
- a Complete the pairs of sentences with the correct word, a or b.
  - 1 The sports section is on the top floor of the <u>b</u>.
    You can find this <u>a</u> in shopping centres all over the world.
    - a chain store **b** department store
  - 2 He wasn't happy with his new trousers, so he asked for a \_\_\_\_\_.She paid with a twenty-pound note, so the shop

assistant gave her some change with her \_\_\_\_\_.

- a receipt b refund
- 3 Those trousers are too short they don't \_\_\_\_ you.

  That dress is the right size, but it really doesn't \_\_\_\_ you.
  - a fit b suit
- 4 You can go to a \_\_\_\_ to buy your favourite author's latest novel.

Instead of buying the book, she's going to borrow it from the \_\_\_\_.

- a bookshop b library
- 5 The whole family comes with me when I do the monthly shop, and the children take turns pushing the

I only needed a few things, so I picked up a \_\_\_\_ at the entrance to the store.

- a basket b trolley
- 6 This leather jacket was only £10. What a \_\_\_\_!
  There was a 50% \_\_\_\_ on sandals, so I bought two pairs.
  - a bargain b discount
- 7 I'd \_\_\_\_ a coat if I were you it's cold outside. It would be a good idea to \_\_\_\_ that shirt before you buy it.
  - a try on b put on
- 8 You use a \_\_\_\_ when you want to pay at the end of the month.

There's no extra charge if you pay by \_\_\_\_.

a credit card b debit card

**b** Complete the sentences with the noun form of the verbs in brackets.

1	The company made a <u>loss</u> pounds last year. (lose)	of two million
2	The was very slotip. (serve)	ow, so we didn't leave a
3	Selina gets special manager's niece. (treat)	because she's the
4	We couldn't reach anabout salaries. (agree)	with our boss
5	My exam marks this term are last term. (improve)	a big on
6		and they aren't talking
7	They had to get a	_ of their house before

8 His greatest \_\_\_\_\_ was winning an Olympic gold medal. (achieve)

9 It's a difficult \_\_\_\_\_\_ to make between my best friend's wedding or my sister's birthday party. (choose)

10 The restaurant had to close as a result of bad \_\_\_\_\_\_. (manage)

- 11 There's a \_\_\_\_\_\_ on Saturday against the closure of the hospital. (demonstrate)
- 12 The \_\_\_\_\_ of alcohol is often prohibited at sports matches. (sell)
- 13 After careful \_\_\_\_\_\_, we've decided to sell the company. (consider)
- 14 My attempt to run a marathon ended in \_\_\_\_\_\_ when I fell and broke my leg after the first kilometre. (fail)
- 15 I had to resist the \_\_\_\_\_\_ to have another cake they were delicious! (tempt)



c Complete the text with the noun form of the verbs in brackets.



A month ago, I bought a video game online for my son's birthday. I got a confirmation email back, which said that  $^1$ delivery (deliver) would take about ten days. Two weeks later, I began to worry. I knew the seller had received my  $^2$  (pay), but the video game hadn't arrived. So I decided to make a  $^3$  (complain). I sent an email to the seller with a copy of the order confirmation as an  $^4$  (attach). I received a  $^5$  (respond) immediately, which said that the seller would look into the incident. After that, I heard nothing for three days, so I sent another email demanding an  $^6$  (explain). This time I had more  $^7$  (succeed), and the seller said he would send another copy of the game. If I don't receive it before my son's birthday, I'm going to ask for  $^8$  (compensate).

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION the letters ai

- a Circle the word where ai is pronounced differently.
  - 1 bargain mountain (trainers)
  - 2 certain complain rain
  - 3 painting said wait

  - 4 **air**line f**air** r**ai**lway
  - 5 captain plain email
  - 6 brain hair stairs



Nobody gets justice. People only get good luck or bad luck. Orson Welles, American actor and director

G third conditional V making adjectives and adverbs P sentence rhythm, weak pronunciation of h

c Complete the second sentence so it has a similar

1 GRAMMAR	third	conditional
-----------	-------	-------------

-	complete the sentences with had or would have.
1	If I'd known it was your birthday, I'd have
	bought you a present.
2	It been quicker if we'd gone by
	train. Our flight was very delayed.
3	Harry wouldn't have been late for work if the bus
	been on time.
4	I'm sure that if David seen you,
	he would have said hello.
5	I gone to their party if they'd
	invited me, but they didn't.
6	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	time to make your bed.
7	If Kim paid attention in class, she
	would have known about the exam.
8	You wouldn't have fallen asleep at the cinema if you
	had a rest this afternoon.
C	omplete the sentences with the correct form of
th	ne verbs in brackets.
1	If you'd told me you weren't staying for dinner, I
	wouldn't have made so much food. (not make)
2	We on time if we'd left half an
	hour earlier. (arrive)
3	If we a table, we wouldn't have
	been able to have dinner there. (not book)
4	You'd have seen my message if you
	your mobile phone. (check)
5	I'd have enjoyed the party more if the music
	so loud. (not be)
6	If you'd concentrated on what you were doing, you
	so many mistakes. (not make)  If I it was going to be so cold
7	If I it was going to be so cold
	today, I would have worn a warmer coat. (know)
8	We Joe to dinner too if we'd
	known you didn't like him. (not invite)
9	If you so rude about my mother,
	I wouldn't have got so angry. (not be)
10	,promoted it one d
	refused to do overtime. (not get)

	eaning to the first sentence.
1	I got to the restaurant late because I went to the wrong place first.
	If I hadn't gone to the wrong place first, <u>I wouldn't have got to the restaurant late</u> .
2	I passed my final exams, so I went to university.  I wouldn't have gone to university if
3	Helen didn't have the right qualifications, so she didn't get the job.
	If Helen had had the right qualifications,
4	We had lunch before we left, so we weren't hungry
	We would have been hungry if
5	We didn't play tennis this afternoon because it was windy.
	If it hadn't been so windy this afternoon,

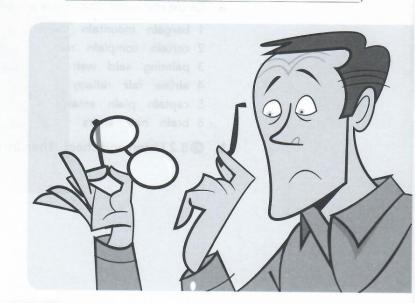
You wouldn't have got lost if \_

If you hadn't cheated,

7 I didn't win that game because you cheated.

8 Alex wasn't very careful with his glasses, so he broke

If Alex had been more careful with his glasses,



- 2 PRONUNCIATION sentence rhythm, weak pronunciation of have
- a @ 9.1 Listen and complete the sentences.



1	If they hadn't played so badly, they would have won	the match.
2	If you'd told me about the meeting, I	
3	She	the co
	if it hadn't been so expensive.	
4	If there had been room for us, we	
	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	_ the night.
5	We	to
	the cinema on time if we'd taken a taxi.	
6	If I'd known you were moving house, I	
		_you.

- b Listen again and repeat the sentences. <u>Copy</u> the <u>rhy</u>thm.
- 3 VOCABULARY making adjectives and adverbs
- a Complete the chart with the two adjective forms of each noun from the list.

care comfort fortune luck patience

	+	
adjective ending in -able	<sup>1</sup> comfortable	<sup>2</sup> uncomfortable
adjective ending in <i>-ate</i>	3	4
adjective ending in -ful / less	5	6
adjective ending in -ient	7	8
adjective ending in -y	9	10

b	Complete the sentences with the correct form	of
	the words in brackets.	

1	We were sitting <i>comfortably</i> on the sofa when there
	was a knock at the door. (comfort)
2	I was in a hurry, so I waited for the lift to arrive. (patience)
3	She put down the glass, so it fell on the floor and broke. (care)
4	, I'd taken an umbrella because it began to rain before I'd got to my office. (fortune)
5	They were to lose the basketball match because they'd played very well. (luck)

#### c Complete the charts.

	adjectives		
noun	+		
success	<sup>1</sup> successful	<sup>2</sup> unsuccessful	
possibility	3	4	
self	5	6	
use	7	8	
suit	9	10	

	adverbs		
noun	+	16 3000000	
success	<sup>11</sup> successfully	<sup>12</sup> unsuccessfully	
possibility	13	14	
self	15	16	
use	17	18	
suit	19	20	

### d Complete the sentences with a word from the charts.

1	It's possible	to see the English coast fro	om France
	on a clear day.		
2	She very were left on the	took both of the biscoplate.	cuits that
3	You should thro completely	w that old umbrella away – i 	t's
4		ren have been very	in
5	Thou word york	drassad for th	a waathar



e Complete the text with the correct adjective or adverb of the nouns in brackets.



An American teenager made a 1careless (care) mistake yesterday when he jumped into a river without checking the area for alligators before going swimming. Kaleb Langdale was at the Caloosahatchee River in Florida with friends when he decided to go for a swim. The <sup>2</sup> young man soon found himself in the (comfort) position of sharing the water with an alligator, which started to attack him. He was 4\_\_ (luck) enough to escape the first attack and began \_\_\_\_\_ (desperation) waiting for him. to swim to the bank, where his friends were 5\_ (fortune), the three-metre animal attacked again, and this time it held on to Kaleb's arm. 7 (luck), Kaleb managed to get away, but his arm was seriously injured in the process. Kaleb is now recovering in hospital, and doctors say his condition is 8 (comfort) despite his injuries. He recommends that anybody who goes swimming in the Caloosahatchee River should check the area 9 (care) before going swimming.

Computers are useless. They only give you answers. Pablo Picasso, Spanish artist

12 r\_\_t\_

G quantifiers V electronic devices P linking, ough and augh

### **VOCABULARY** electronic devices

Complete the words.



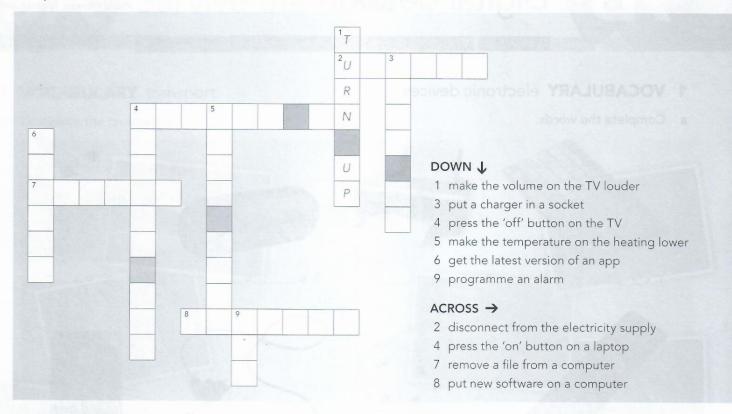
11 m \_ m \_

**b** Complete the sentences with a word from **a**.

9 p\_\_g

1	Let's turn the lights	s on. Where's the <u>switc</u>	?	
2	I've got the presen	tation on a	, so	I don't need to take my laptop.
3	My battery's gettir	ig low. Can I borrow y	ur?	
4	Can I use your	? I need to p	int out the boarding	g pass for my flight.
5	You'll need a		if you want to conne	ect your phone to your laptop.
6	Where's the '@' syr	mbol on this	?	
7	Who's got the		for the TV? I want	to change channels.
8	You can't use Euro	pean plugs in the UK i	you haven't got an	· water the second
9	If you turn on the _	, you mig	t be able to hear so	mething!
0	Is the	_working? I haven't go	t an internet connec	ction.
1	Never take a	out of a	with wet ha	nds – you might get an electric shock.

#### c Complete the crossword.



#### **GRAMMAR** quantifiers

It's delicious!

a a few

**b** a little

c very little

Circle the correct answers. One, two	o, or three answers may be correct.
1 Do you eat sweets?	7 My phone has games because I never play them.  a a few
<b>b</b> a lot of	<b>b</b> very few
<b>c</b> much	c very little
2 I sleep when I'm on holiday.	8 There are young people living in the village than there used to be.
a a lot of	a fewer
<b>b</b> a lot	<b>b</b> less
c lots of	c little
3 I don't drink coffee.	9 I can't hear you. There's noise.
<b>a</b> many	a enough
<b>b</b> a lot of	<b>b</b> too many
c much	c too much
4 You can sit here. There's room.	10 You aren't working
a many	a hard enough
<b>b</b> much	<b>b</b> enough hard
c plenty of	c too much hard
5 My sister has friends.	11 There isn't milk in the fridge.
a a lot of	a any
<b>b</b> lots of	<b>b</b> no
c loads of	c some
6 Can I have more cake please?	12 A How much bread is there?

a Any

**b** None

c No any

B \_\_\_\_. I've just finished it all.

**b** Complete each pair of sentences so that they have the same meaning. More than one answer may be possible.



1 There <u>aren't enough</u> chairs.

There are <u>too few</u> chairs.



2 He can't afford it. He doesn't have money.

He can't afford it. It's \_\_\_\_\_ for him.



3 We only had \_\_\_\_\_\_ sleep last night.

We didn't have \_\_\_\_\_ sleep last night.



4 There are \_\_\_\_\_ cars in the city centre.

There aren't \_\_\_\_\_ parking spaces.



5 There's \_\_\_\_\_ petrol in the tank.

There isn't \_\_\_\_\_ petrol in the tank.



6 She buys very \_\_\_\_\_\_ books these days.
She doesn't buy \_\_\_\_\_ books these days.

C	Complete the sentences with a quantifier and
	the words in brackets. Sometimes more than one
	answer is possible.

1	The party was a disaster. There weren't	
	many people . (people)	
2	I didn't have, so I only o	ordered a
	plate of chips. (money)	
3	We'll have to drive. There aren't	
	on a Sunday. (buses)	
4	It's raining, so there are	on the
	beach – just one or two. (people)	
5	He can't drive yet. He isn't	(old)
6	Anna's worried because she's a freelance	
	photographer, and she has	at the
	moment. (work)	
7	You can't move in their living room. There's (furniture)	
8	We can't use the printer. There's	
	(paper)	
9	It took us ages to get here. There was	
	(traffic)	
10	I couldn't sleep on the plane. There were	
	(children)	
11	I'll only be a moment. I have to make	
	before we leave. (phone calls)	
12	This jacket doesn't fit me. It's	•
	(small)	

## **PRONUNCIATION** linking, ough and augh

a @9.2 Listen and write the sentences.

1 I switched it on	5 1
2 1	6 1
3	7 1
4 1	8 1

- **b** <a>9.2 Listen again and repeat the sentences. Try to link the words.</a>
- c Circle the word with a different sound.

31			
1	2	3	4
h <b>o</b> rse	<b>u</b> p	h <b>o</b> rse	h <b>o</b> rse
brought	alth <b>ough</b>	bought	c <b>augh</b> t
cough	en <b>ou</b> gh	daughter	l <b>au</b> ghed
thought	t <b>ou</b> gh	through	t <b>augh</b> t



# digi ZABAN Practical English Unexpected events

indirect questions

#### INDIRECT QUESTIONS

- Circle the correct words.
  - 1 Can you tell me what time (it is / is it, please?
  - 2 Do you know if this bus does go / goes to Windsor?
  - 3 Could you tell me where can I / I can buy a ticket?
  - 4 I wonder where Lola is / is Lola today.
  - 5 Do you know whether this shirt does come / comes in a larger size?
  - 6 I'd like to know where are you / you're going.
  - 7 I wonder what time the restaurant closes / does the restaurant close.
  - 8 Can you remember who did you speak to / you spoke to?
- Make questions 1-6 more indirect by using the beginnings given.
  - 1 What time is the next bus for Boston? I'd like to know what time the next bus for Boston is.
  - 2 What time does it arrive? Do you know \_
  - 3 Which stop does the bus go from? Could you tell me\_
  - 4 How much does a one way ticket cost? Could you tell me
  - 5 Do I need to change buses? I wonder
  - 6 How much discount do I get with a student card? Can you tell me



Complete the conversation with the indirect questions from a. There is one question you don't need to use.

Ticket clerk Can I help you? Max Yes, please. 1 I'd like to know what time the next bus for Boston is. Ticket clerk Well, the next bus leaves at 10 a.m. Max Great. 2 Ticket clerk Sure. It costs \$35.95. Max 3 Ticket clerk With a student card you get a 20% discount on your ticket. That means it'll cost you \$28.75. Max OK. Here's my student card...and my credit card. Ticket clerk And here's your ticket. Max Thanks. 4 Ticket clerk No, you don't. The bus goes straight through. Max And 5 Ticket clerk Yes, it gets to Boston at 2.20 p.m. Max Thanks a lot.

#### 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the conversation with the words and phrases from the list.

either I guess It's obvious Of course Stop it! What if

A	Stop it!	тои кеер	yawning.	Everyone
	will think you're bore	d.		
B	Oh sorry 2		I'm a hit	tired

- you're tired. You've had a long
- B Well, I did get up at six o'clock this morning.
- A Oh, come on. Let's go. 4\_ aren't enjoying the party.
- B I'm sorry. I think I need to go to bed.
- A I know. 5 we go home and do something nice tomorrow?
- B That sounds like a great idea. And I promise I won't yawn all day, 6\_
- A Good!

## digi ZABAN Can you remember...? 1–9

#### 1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1		my girlfriend for three years. We
	met when we were a	t university. (know)

- 2 When I was a child, I \_\_\_\_\_ like big dogs they frightened me. (used to)
- 3 I'm not sure, but I think that man Susan's brother. (be)
- 4 If I lived in the city centre, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to work instead of driving. (walk)
- 5 Jake's room is a mess, and he refuses it. (tidy)
- 6 The police officer asked the man where he the day before. (be)

#### 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 duck mussels prawns squid
- 2 colleague couple flatmate partner
- 3 comedy script thriller western
- 4 degree head pupils students
- 5 attic basement gate ground floor
- 6 apply for be made redundant resign retire

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

1 c <b>our</b> se en <b>ou</b> gh l <b>u</b> cky t <b>o</b> ngue
2 b <b>ough</b> t keyb <b>oar</b> d l <b>oa</b> n w <b>al</b> l
3 although router throw toes
4 floor roof suit through
5 c <b>ou</b> gh l <b>o</b> ss n <b>o</b> se watch

#### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.



Most of us would agree that computers and smartphones \_ made life easier for us. However, there are a 2\_\_\_\_ people who might not think the same because they've 3\_\_\_\_ injured by their electronic devices. Experts are becoming increasingly worried <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_ this problem. One of the <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_ dangerous devices appears to be phone chargers. You probably 6\_\_\_\_ be injured if you use your original charger, but fake chargers are different. Fake chargers are sold at much lower prices than originals, and when customers choose 7\_\_\_\_ them, they're often tempted to buy the cheaper of the two. They think they've found a 8\_ because they've spent very little money 9\_\_\_\_ it. It's thought that a Chinese woman died recently because of a fake charger. She had plugged 10\_\_\_\_ the charger and attached her phone before she tried to make a phone call. Unfortunately, she received a massive electric shock from the charger, and she 11\_\_\_\_ killed instantly. Phone companies say that she 12\_\_\_\_ have died if she hadn't used a fake charger.

1	а	are	b	had	С	have
2	a	few	b	less	C	little
3	а	be	b	been	C	was
4	а	about	b	in	C	of
5	a	less	b	more	c	most
6	a	don't	b	not	C	won't
7	a	between	b	from	С	to
8	a	bargain	b	bill	C	budget
9	a	about	b	in	С	on
10	a	in	b	on	c	out
11	а	is	b	was	c	were
12	а	didn't	b	won't	C	wouldn't

When you become a celebrity, the world owns you and your image. Megan Fox, American actress

G relative clauses: defining and non-defining V compound nouns P word stres

#### **GRAMMAR** relative clauses

- Complete the sentences with a relative pronoun. Where two answers are possible, write both pronouns.
  - 1 What's the name of the city where you can see the Ponte Vecchio?
  - 2 Apple is the company which / that makes the iPhone.
  - 3 Who's the actor \_\_\_ \_\_ wife died in a skiing accident?
  - 4 The thing\_ \_ my son wants most for his birthday is a bike.
  - 5 Helen Sharman was the first British woman went into space.
  - 6 That's the restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ we celebrated my dad's 80th birthday.
  - 7 Alexander Graham Bell is the man \_ invented the telephone.
  - 8 What's the name of your friend \_ have a huge house in the country?
  - 9 Mountain View, California, is the city\_ Google is based.
  - 10 Amazon is the company \_\_ has the largest number of online sales in the world.
- b In which sentence in a can you leave out the relative pronoun?
- c Cross out the extra word in each of the sentences.
  - 1 Those are the students who they won the competition.
  - 2 Isn't he the actor who he played the role of Sherlock Holmes?
  - 3 Why don't we stay in the hotel where we stayed there
  - 4 I always use the supermarket which it is closest to where I live.
  - 5 She's the woman whose her daughter went to the same school as me.
  - 6 What's the name of the shop where you bought your jacket there?
  - 7 That's the computer that it isn't working.
  - 8 This is the series I was telling you about it.
  - 9 These are the boots I bought them last Saturday.
  - 10 That's the woman whose car we bought it.

d Complete the sentences with a relative pronoun and the phrases from the list. You will need to leave out one of the words in each of the phrases.

he plays the part of Jon Snow in Game of Thrones it is in the Himalayas her husband is a Spanish footballer the Mona Lisa can be seen there it was opened in China in 2011 she helped hundreds of slaves to escape



1 Kit Harington, who plays the part of Jon Snow in Game of Thrones, was born in London.



2 The Louvre, is in the centre of Paris.



3 Mount Everest, is the world's highest mountain.



4 Jiaozhou Bay Bridge, is the longest bridge in the world.



5 Shakira, is originally from Colombia.



6 Harriet Tubman,

has been chosen to appear on the \$20 note.

### 2 VOCABULARY compound nouns

a Complete the compound nouns.



b Match a word from **A** to a word from **B** to make compound nouns. Then complete the sentences.

A	boarding eash cycle flat rush science sound speed top training
В	camera course fiction floor hour lane machine mate school track
1	I need to get some money out of the <u>cash machine</u> on the way to the theatre
2	They live on the, so they've got a great view over the city.
3	I love the of the latest Star Wars film – I listen to it all the time.
4	My brother has gone on a to learn about health and safety.
	Do you get on well with your or do you argue about paying the
6	Pupils at a only see their families during the holidays.
7	Cyclists should use the to keep away from traffic.
8	Commuters usually travel to work during the
9	All the drivers are slowing down because there's a up ahead.
	I quite like fantasy films, but my favourite genre is

c Complete the word puzzle and find the missing compound noun.



1 A school for children aged from about two to five. (7, 6)



2 Water that comes through pipes and isn't sold in bottles. (3, 5)

<sup>1</sup> N	U	R	S	E	R	Y	5	C	Н	0	0	L	
					2	120	s br	JOS					-00
		3	1459										
4													
	182			5									
					6								
					7								
			8										
	9												
			10										



3 A device for controlling equipment such as the TV from a distance. (6, 7)



4 Illusions created in a film by computer graphics, etc. (7, 7)



5 Repairs to streets and motorways. (4, 5)



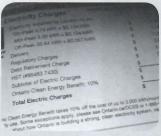
6 The place where golf is played. (4, 6)



7 A product you can use for frying food or putting on salads. (5, 3)



8 You can send this to a friend if you don't want to call them. (4, 7)



9 A document which shows how much you owe your energy company. (11, 4)



10 A place where people can play sports such a five-a-side football indoors. (6, 4)

#### **PRONUNCIATION** word stress

Match 1-8 to the words in the list to make compound nouns.

board court fine lights products school page tone 1 cleaning products 2 key \_\_\_ 3 pro file \_\_\_\_\_ 4 par king \_\_\_\_\_ 5 ring\_ 6 se con dary \_\_\_\_\_ 7 te nnis 8 traffic

10.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words. Underline the stressed syllables.

# digi ZABAN And the murderer is...

Behind every crime is a story of sadness. Enrique Peña Nieto, Mexican president

G question tags V crime P intonation in question

40	1100	APA	II A 537	
7	VOC	ABL	ILARY	crime

0	order the letters to make words that complete the sentences.		
1	A <u>murder</u> (urmrde) was committed last night.		
2	(tecesdetiv) are investigating the crime.		
3	They're hoping to (vesol) it as soon as possible.		
4	The (vticim) was the wife of a millionaire.		
5	The main (pecsusts) are the woman's husband, their son, and their driver.		
6	(neswitses) say they heard gun shots at around 10 p.m.		
7	The police are convinced that the son is the (dermurer).		
8	They're currently looking for more (denevice).		
9	They need to be able to (ovepr) that they've caught the right person.		

Complete the text with the words from a.

NEWS

**ENTERTAINMENT** 

# Murder investigation after body found next to country road

Police appeal after murder of man in Birmingham





<sup>1</sup> Detectives	_ are investigating a <sup>2</sup>	in north Birmingham. T	he <sup>3</sup>
was a 26-ye	ar-old man, whose body was f	ound last night next to a cou	untry road.
No <sup>4</sup>	was found at the scene, a	and police are appealing to 5	exil triblicow 1 9
who saw the	e man yesterday to help them	with their enquiries. They b	elieve that
the <sup>6</sup>	was someone known to t	the man. The main <sup>7</sup>	are the
man's flatma	ate, his girlfriend, and a neigh	bour. These people are curr	ently being
interviewed	by police in an attempt to 8_	the crime. A police	e spokesman
said that the	ey had a theory, but as yet the	ey had been unable to <sup>9</sup>	who had
committed t	the crime.		



# **GRAMMAR** question tags

- Circle the correct words.
  - 1 You live in Manchester, don't you/ aren't you?
  - 2 But you weren't born in Manchester, weren't you / were you?
  - 3 You moved to Manchester when you were ten, weren't you / didn't you?
  - 4 That means you've been living here for 20 years, haven't you / have you?
  - 5 But you're emigrating to Canada next month, won't you / aren't you?
  - 6 Your brother lives there, doesn't he / does he?
  - 7 You've been in prison before, aren't you / haven't you?
  - 8 I expect you'd like to call your lawyer now, would you / wouldn't you?
- Complete the question tags.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
1	Adam's living with his parents, isn's	t he			
2	You don't like dogs,		_?		
3	It isn't difficult,	?			
4	Anthony works in London,			?	
5	They left yesterday,		_?		
6	Kathy hasn't come home yet,				?
7	I'm late,?				
8	You'll see him tomorrow,			?	
9	I wouldn't like that film,			?	
10	You haven't had lunch yet,			?	

## Rewrite the sentences using question tags.

1	I think your sister's in my class.	
	Your sister's in my class, isn't she?	
2	I'm sure you're younger than me.	
3	I have a feeling you don't like cheese.	?
4	I heard your brother lives abroad.	{
5	Is it right that you studied physics?	:
6	I'm sure we've been here before.	
7	I'm sure you wouldn't do that.	
8	I'm hoping the flight won't be cancelled.	: 2

# 3 PRONUNCIATION intonation in question tags

10.2 Listen and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

- 1 You called me last night, didn't you?
- 2 He's older than you, isn't he?
- 3 They aren't coming tonight, are they?
- 4 We've missed the last bus, haven't we?
- 5 She'll be late, won't she?
- 6 | can't dance very well, can !?
- 7 We had a great holiday in Rio, didn't we?
- 8 You've never been to the opera before, have you?
- 9 That film was really boring, wasn't it?

?

# **ANSWER KEY**

# 1A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 squid, meat
  - cucumber, fruit
  - 4 duck, vegetables
  - 5 salmon, fruit
  - 6 courgette, seafood
- 2 aubergine
  - 3 avocado
  - 4 squid
  - 5 red pepper
  - 6 mango
  - lobster
  - 8 melon
- 2 boiled
- - 3 baked
  - 4 fried
  - 5 roast
  - 6 steamed
- 2 frozen d
  - 3 raw
  - 4 low-fat

  - 5 fresh 6 spicy
- 2 a, 3 b
- Students' own answers
- 2 topping
  - 3 cheer...up
  - 4 ready-made
  - 5 allergic
  - 6 takeaway
  - 7 filling
- **2 PRONUNCIATION** 
  - 1 /1/ chicken, squid
    - 2 /i:/ peach
    - 3 /æ/ crab, mango
    - 4 /a:/ carton, jar
    - 5 /p/ chocolate, sausage
    - 6 /o:/ pork, prawns
    - 7 /u/ cookie, sugar
    - 8 /u:/ cucumber, tuna
  - c 2 cabbage, 3 spicy, 4 roast, 5 grapes, 6 fruit, 7 baked, 8 melon, 9 aubergine

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 don't...get up
  - 3 Are...watching
  - 4 cycles
  - 5 are / 're having
  - 6 is / 's...doing
  - 7 does...give
  - 8 am / 'm not eating
  - 9 doesn't...do
  - 10 is / 's trying
- 3 That cake looks
  - 4 /
  - 5 Do you think
  - 6
  - 8 I love
- 2 believe
  - 3 aren't using
  - 4 doesn't belong
  - 5 is / 's playing
  - 6 am / 'm not sleeping
  - 7 don't recognize
  - 8 sounds

- d 2 Where do you usually do your homework?
- 3 Why are you studying English?
  - Do you think English is easy?
  - Are you enjoying the classes at the
  - 6 What do you usually do after the class?
- e Students' own answers

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 great-grandfather
  - 3 only child
  - 4 niece
  - 5 adopted child
  - 6 immediate
  - stepmother
  - 8 brother-in-law
  - 9 half-sister
  - 10 siblings
  - 11 extended
  - 12 nephew
  - 13 stepsister
- . **b** 2 anxious
  - 3 selfish
  - 4 sensible
  - 5 self-confident
  - 6 ambitious
  - stubborn
  - 8 independent
  - 9 rebellious
  - 10 patient
  - honest
  - 12 insecure
  - c Down: 2 sociable, 3 mature,
    - 4 imaginative, 7 bossy
    - Across: 3 moody, 5 competitive,
    - 6 reliable, 8 affectionate, 9 sensitive
  - d 2 dishonest
    - 3 immature
  - 4 unreliable
  - 5 insensitive 6 unambitious
  - unimaginative
  - 8 disorganized
  - 9 irresponsible 10 unsociable
  - 11 unfriendly
  - 12 unkind
  - 13 impatient 14 unselfish
  - sensitive
  - sensible
  - 3 sympathetic

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 I'll pay
  - 3 Shall I make
  - you'll get / you're going to get
  - We're going
  - 6 I'll have
  - I'll be
  - 8 Shall we invite
  - won't be
  - 10 it's going to break

- b 1 are / 're staying, are / 're having
  - Shall...order, will / 'll call, will / 'll have
  - 3 are...leaving / are...going to leave, am / 'm getting, am / 'm going to get, will / 'll give
  - 4 are...doing / are...going to do, am / 'm going, are...seeing / are... going to see, will / 'll love
  - 5 Shall...help, will / 'll wash, won't break
- c Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- 2 not...buy...flights yet
  - 3 look online
- Who...meeting tonight
- 5 meeting...friends
- 6 not meeting...girlfriend
- helping...mum
- 8 When...get...exam results
- 9 won't get...this week
- 10 get...Monday

# Practical English

#### 1 REACTING TO WHAT **PEOPLE SAY**

- a 2 I don't believe it. / You're kidding.
  - What a pity. / Never mind.
  - How fantastic! / That's great news!
  - 5 Really?
  - 6 Oh no!
- b 1 You're kidding.
  - 2 Really?
  - 3 What a great idea!, How fantastic!,
  - That's great news! 4 Oh no!, What a pity., Never mind.

#### 2 HOW + ADJECTIVE, WHAT + NOUN

- 2 What
- 3 What
- How
- 5 How 6 What

# 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

- 2 How do you see
- Not really 4 That's because
- 5 How incredible
- 6 Go ahead
- things like that I mean

# Can you remember...? 1

# 1 GRAMMAR

- does...open
- 2 is / 's doing
- 3 don't agree 4 Are...going to wear / wearing
- 5 are / 're having
- 6 won't be

# **ANSWER KEY**

## 2 VOCABULARY

- 1 duck
- salmon
- 3 nephew
- 4 mother
- 5 bossy
- 6 charming

## **3 PRONUNCIATION**

- 1 reliable
- great 2
- mature
- parent
- 5 spoilt

#### **4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

1 a, 2 c, 3 b, 4 a, 5 a, 6 c, 7 c, 8 c, 9 a, 10 c

## 2A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 afford
- 3 save
- 4 owe
- 5 earns
- 6 is worth
- 7 raise
- 8 cost
- 9 borrow
- 10 inherited
- 11 invested
- 12 charged
- 13 lend
- 2 for
- 3 into
- 4 from
- 5 in
- 6 to
- on
- 8 by 9 back
- 10 in
- 2 contactless payment
  - 3 loan
  - 4 mortgage
  - 5 budget
  - 6 salary
  - tax
- 2 pay...back
  - 3 live off
  - 4 live on
- Students' own answers
- 2 trip
  - 3 treatments
  - 4 bill
  - 5 water
  - 6 products

# 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 clothes, 3 done
- c 3 S, 4 D, 5 S, 6 D

# 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 hasn't saved
  - 3 charged
  - 4 didn't inherit
  - 5 haven't been
  - 've never used
  - 7 did your TV cost
  - 8 didn't have
  - have you lived
  - 10 earned
- 1 passed
  - 2 did...borrow, have / 've...spent
  - Have...found, has...agreed
  - 4 Have...lent, needed
  - 5 Has...made, called
- c 2 a Have you ever found any money on the street?
  - b How much did you find?
  - 3 a Have you ever used contactless payment?
    - b Where did you use it?
  - 4 a Have you ever paid for a meal for a lot of people?
    - b Why did you pay for it?
  - 5 a Have you ever stayed in an expensive hotel?
    - b Who did you stay there with?
  - 6 a Have you ever raised money for charity?
  - b How much did you raise?
- d Students' own answers

# **2B**

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a for: a long time, six months, two weeks, three days, years since: Christmas, I was very young,
  - lunchtime, Tuesday
- b 2 has / 's been...for
  - 3 have / 've known...since
  - 4 has / 's worked...for
  - 5 have lived...since
    - have loved...since have / 've wanted...for
  - 8 hasn't spoken...since
  - 9 haven't seen...for
  - 10 has / 's liked...since
- 2 We've been travelling C
  - 3 has he been working
  - 1 She's been looking for
  - 5 He hasn't been doing
  - Have you been waiting

  - I've been looking after
- 8 I haven't been playing
- 3 have had
  - 4 1
- 5 /
- I've known
- We've been going
- 8
- 9 have you been riding 10 I've washed
- e Students' own answers

# **2 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 How long...going out together
  - 3 feeling ill...yesterday
  - 4 haven't...living here...long
  - 5 cleaning...house all morning
  - 6 haven't...sleeping well lately

#### **3 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 a, 3 j, 4 f, 5 e, 6 i, 7 c, 8 b, 9 l,10 h, 11 n, 12 k, 13 m, 14 g
- 2 filthy
  - 3 huge
  - 4 starving
  - 5 tiny
  - freezing 6
- c 2 amazed
  - 3 furious
  - 4 terrified
  - 5 exhausted
  - 6 hilarious
  - 7 fascinating
  - 8 positive
- d Students' own answers

# 3A

# 1 VOCABULARY

- a Down: 3 the underground, 5 lorry, 7 coach
  - Across: 2 motorway, 4 van, 6 scooter, 8 ferry, 9 motorbike
- 2 parking
  - 3 traffic
  - 4 road
  - cycle
  - petrol rush
  - 8 rank 9
  - speed 10 lights
  - 11 car
- 12 zebra
- 13 limit
- 14 pedestrian
- c 2 does...take
  - 3 takes
  - 4 took 5 will take / 's going to take
  - 6 did...take
- d 2 off, 3 up, 4 out, 5 up, 6 out of
- e Students' own answers

# **2 PRONUNCIATION**

a 2 watch, 3 jam

# 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Bangkok is the most crowded of the three destinations.
  - Vienna is easier to get to than Bangkok.
  - Bangkok is more exciting than Dubai. 5 Dubai is hotter than Vienna.
  - 6 Vienna is the most relaxing of the three destinations.

# **ANSWER KEY**

# digi ZABAN

- 2 than
  - 3 the
  - 4 more
  - 5 worst
  - 6 less
  - 7 quicker / faster
  - 8 most
  - 9 as
  - 10 least
- c 2 walk faster than
  - 3 the most interesting city
  - 4 is less interesting than
  - 5 the best pizza
  - 6 isn't as expensive as
  - is the same as
  - 8 the least comfortable bed

#### 4 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 more relaxing
  - most interesting
  - 4 more expensive
  - 5 old tram
  - 6 first time

# **3B**

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 last weekend
- girls, languages, boys
- 4 the door, the house
- 5 a German, an engineer
- 6 fish, the salmon
- 7 the cinema, a week
- 8 the end, the world
- 9 women, men
- 10 a beautiful day, lunch
- 2 X, next weekend
- 3 X, Money
  - 4 /

  - 6 X, the jacket
- 8 X, a noisy child
- X, a doctor
- 10 /
- 11 /
- 12 X, leaves work
- c 2 a, 3 the, 4 the, 5 -, 6 -, 7 the, 8 the, 9 a, 10 -

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 cheaper than the
  - 3 to do tonight
  - 4 the window for a moment
  - 5 to see a doctor about
  - 6 to go for a walk

# 3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 to, 3 for, 4 on, 5 at, 6 for, 7 about, 8 of, 9 to, for, 10 with, 11 at, 12 in, 13 between, 14 to, 15 on
- b 2 on, 3 for, 4 in, 5 from, 6 at, 7 with, 8 about, 9 of, 10 with, about, 11 to, 12 of, 13 of, 14 for, 15 to, 16 with, 17 about, 18 to, 19 to

#### **4 PRONUNCIATION**

- 1 argued...dad
- 2 laughing at, laughing...you
- 3 excited about, excited...holiday
- 4 listening to, listening...radio

# Practical English

### 1 GIVING OPINIONS

- a 2g, 3c, 4e, 5h, 6a, 7i, 8b, 9d
- 2 To be honest
  - Don't you agree / What do you think
  - Oh sure / Personally, I think / I agree
  - What do you think
  - 6 But if you ask me / But in my opinion
  - l agree
  - 8 I don't think that's right
  - 9 Personally, I think

#### **2 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

- 2 You've come back
- Did you mean what you said
- 4 It's just that my boyfriend's away
- 5 Hang on a minute

# Can you remember...? 1–3

#### 1 GRAMMAR

1 don't, 2 Shall, 3 just, 4 for, 5 better, 6 a

#### 2 VOCABULARY

- 1 grapes
- 2 spoilt
- 3 save
- 4 angry
- 5 ferry
- 6 fed up with

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- gone
- 2 worry
- 3 cost
- 4 adventure
- 5 machine

#### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

1 c, 2 c, 3 b, 4 a, 5 c, 6 a, 7 b, 8 c, 9 a, 10 b

# 4A

## **VOCABULARY**

- 2 put sb on hold
  - call back
  - go off 4
  - leave a message
  - voicemail
  - cut sb off
  - 8 dial
  - ringtone
- 10 swipe 11 engaged / busy
- 12 hang up
- 2 swipe
  - 3 go off
  - 4 cut off
  - 5 ringtone
  - engaged / busy
  - put...on hold
  - call back
  - 9 voicemail 10 hang up
  - 11 dial
  - 12 text / message

# 2 GRAMMAR

- a 3 don't have to
  - 4 /
  - 5 mustn't
  - 6
  - don't have to
  - 8 1
- 2 should
  - 3 mustn't
- 4 mustn't / shouldn't
- 5 must
- 6 should
- shouldn't
- 8 mustn't
- 3 I had to

  - 5 You mustn't
  - 6 he often has to
- 8 I didn't have to
- d Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- 2 shouldn't
- lights
- 4 hour
- exhausted
- debt
- mortgage
- 8 foreign
- 9 wrong 10 island

# **4B**

# 1 GRAMMAR

- a 3 /
  - 4 /
  - 5 haven't been able to
  - 61 been able to
  - 8 1 9 used to be able to
- 10 / 11 must be able to
- 12 not being able to
- b 2 could / was able to can't
  - 4 has / 's been able to
  - couldn't / wasn't able to
  - to be able to 7 will / 'll be able to
- c 2g, 3e, 4d, 5b, 6a, 7f

# **2 PRONUNCIATION**

- 2 never...able...ski
- 3 play...guitar 4 won't...able...go out tomorrow
- hasn't...able...go...school since Monday 6 can't find...restaurant

# **ANSWER KEY**

#### 3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 embarrassed
  - frightened
  - 4 exciting
  - 5 boring
  - 6 annoying
  - depressing
  - 8 disappointed
  - 9 tired
- 10 frustrated
- 2 frightened
  - 3 tiring
  - 4 embarrassed
  - 5 disappointing
  - 6 excited
  - 7 boring
- 8 depressed
- 9 frustrated
- 10 amazing
- c Students' own answers

# 5A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- 2 fans
- 3 referee
  - 4 team
  - 5 umpire
  - players
  - stadium
  - 8 arena
  - 9 captain
- 10 sports hall
- 11 coach
- 12 spectators
- 2 court
  - circuit
  - 4 course 5 pitch
  - 6 slope
  - 7 track
- 2 trained
  - 3 won 4 got fit

  - 5 drew 6 lost
  - threw
  - 8 beat
- 9 scored
- 10 got injured
- 11 went
- 12 kicked
- d 2 off, 3 out, 4 up

## 2 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 sport, 3 slope, 4 court

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2b, 3c, 4b, 5a, 6c, 7a, 8b, 9c, 10b
- 2 were driving, remembered, hadn't locked
  - 3 didn't recognize, had changed
  - was waiting, called, couldn't, had broken down
  - 5 beat, were winning, scored
  - 6 ran, had already left, were waiting

## 2 was looking forward to

- won / had won
- 4 seemed
- began
- was winning
- came back
- won
- 9 was getting
- 10 couldn't
- reached
- 12 beat / had beaten

# 5B

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 used to play
  - don't usually go
  - normally wears

  - 5 Did you use to have
  - 6 stayed
  - never used to watch
  - 8 went cycling
- b 3 /
  - 4 doesn't usually wear
  - 5
  - 6 usually walk
  - 1
  - 8 Do you usually / normally
  - 9 went
  - 10 /
- c 2 usually give
- 3 usually call
- 4 used to go
- 5 used to eat out
- don't usually work
- used to be
- 8 didn't use to like

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 especially, 3 please, 4 music

#### 3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 fiancé, 3 close friend, 4 ex,
  - 5 classmates, 6 colleague, 7 flatmate, 8 couple
- **b** 2 fancied, 3 in, 4 out, 5 common,
  - 6 up, 7 touch, 8 to, 9 got, 10 became, 11 together, 12 proposed, 13 married
- 2 fancied him
  - got to know
  - 4 became friends
  - had a lot in common
  - went out together
  - were together
  - 8 broke up
  - 9 lost touch
  - 10 got in touch
- 11 got on
- 12 proposed to
- 13 got married
- d 2 friendship, 3 membership,
  - 4 leadership, 5 partnership

# Practical English

# 1 PERMISSION AND REQUESTS

- a 2 Is it OK if I open a window
- Would you mind repeating that
- Could you take a photo of me
  - Do you mind if I sit here
  - 6 Do you think you could carry my bag
- 2 No problem.
  - 3 Not at all.
  - 4 No problem
  - Of course not.
  - 6 Sure
- c 2 visit, 3 meeting, 4 join, 5 pass, 6 take
- d b5, c6, d1, e3, f2

#### **2 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

- a 2 talk, 3 come, 4 days, 5 mind, 6 way
- **b** 2 How come you're so late?
  - 3 No way man!
  - 4 if you don't mind.
  - 5 Just like the old days.
  - 6 We've got so much to talk about.

# Can you remember...? 1–5

# 1 GRAMMAR

- 1 for six years
- 2 Shall I carry
- 3 has / 's been studying
- 4 mustn't / can't play
- 5 be able to
- 6 used to cry

## 2 VOCABULARY

1 tinned, 2 reliable, 3 voicemail, 4 ferry,

5 propose, 6 stadium

# 3 PRONUNCIATION

1 food, 2 cook, 3 mortgage, 4 world, 5 sport

# 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

1 couple, 2 since, 3 in, 4 had, 5 from, 6 for, 7 more, 8 out, 9 are, 10 raise

# 6A

# 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 wrote
  - will be used 4 have been invited
  - 5 are showing
  - is going to be dubbed
- were filming
- 8 can be bought b 2 has / 's been nominated
  - is / 's being filmed
  - 4 had been transformed
  - 5 were directed
  - 6 was being built will be / is going to be released
  - 8 be shot
- c 2c, 3b, 4a, 5c, 6b, 7b, 8c, 9b, 10a

# 2 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 used, 3 waited, 4 written, 5 shot, 6 worn, 7 said, 8 won, 9 taken, 10 told

# **ANSWER KEY**

#### 3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 action film
  - science fiction film
  - 4 drama
  - 5 musical
  - 6 thriller
  - historical film
  - 8 horror film
  - 9 war film
  - 10 western
  - 11 animation
  - 12 rom-com
- b 2 plot, 3 script, 4 audience, 5 review, 6 scene, 7 subtitles, 8 sequel,
  - 9 soundtrack, 10 special effects,
  - 11 extras, 12 cast, 13 critic, 14 set, 15 trailer
- c 2 is set in
  - 3 is based on
  - 4 was shot
  - 5 plays the part of
  - 6 was dubbed into

# 6B

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 must, 3 might not, 4 could, 5 must, 6 can't
- b 2 can't, 3 might, 4 must, 5 can't, 6 might not, 7 can't, 8 might
- 2 might have a meeting
  - 3 can't be going to work today
  - 4 might not like it
  - 5 can't be tired already
  - 6 must have an exam tomorrow
  - 7 might not be working
  - 8 might be driving home from work

#### **2 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 neck, 3 back, 4 arms, 5 legs, 6 feet, 7 face, 8 nose, 9 chin, 10 stomach, 11 fingers, 12 knees
- b 2 thumb, 3 tongue, 4 mouth, 5 lips, 6 hands, 7 teeth, 8 ears, 9 toes The hidden word is 'shoulders'
- c 2 kick, 3 touch, 4 point, 5 smell, 6 smile, 7 nod, 8 clap, 9 bite, 10 whistle, 11 Throw, 12 taste
- d 2 finger, 3 mouth, 4 tongue, 5 head, 6 eyes, 7 nose, 8 fingers / hand, 9 lips / mouth, 10 teeth, 11 hands

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

a 2 eyes, 3 tongue, 4 shoulders, 5 here, 6 fair

# **7A**

# 1 VOCABULARY

- 2 geography
  - biology 4 literature

  - 5 chemistry history
  - information technology
  - 8 mathematics

- b 2 primary school
  - 3 head
  - 4 state school
  - 5 degree
  - 6 private school

  - boarding school
  - 9 nursery school
  - 10 students
  - 11 secondary school
- 2 elementary school
  - grades
  - 4 semesters
  - 5 high school
  - twelfth grade
  - college
- d 2 misbehaved
  - weren't allowed to
  - 4 made
  - 5 were punished
  - cheated
  - let
  - 8 revised
  - took
  - 10 passed
  - 11 failed

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 pull, 3 cut, 4 subtitles

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2c, 3b, 4f, 5a, 6h, 7d, 8g
- b 2 when, 3 before, 4 if, 5 after, 6 until
- 2 will / 'll be, hurry
  - will / 'll have, go out
  - 4 won't wait, aren't
  - doesn't come, won't have
  - won't leave, finds
  - won't be able to, lend
  - 8 gets, will / 'll call
- won't start, is / 's 10 will / 'll play, practise
- d Students' own answers

# 7B

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- 2 g, 3 c, 4 a, 5 h, 6 b, 7 e, 8 f
- 2 would be, cleaned
  - wouldn't drive, didn't have
  - Would...carry on, won
  - would sleep, didn't drink
  - 6 would lend, needed
  - wouldn't be, snowed
  - 8 wasn't / weren't, could
  - 9 Would...wake up, didn't set
- 10 had, wouldn't be
- 3 I'd call her
  - you don't hurry up
  - 5 I'll tell him the news
  - he didn't love you
  - she'd be happier
  - they'll cancel the match
  - vou didn't eat out every night
- 10 she doesn't feel better

## 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 grow, vegetables, garden
  - 3 buy, cottage, had enough money
  - 4 my house, wouldn't make, kitchen bigger
- 5 wouldn't have, car, lived, city centre
- c 3 D, 4 S, 5 S, 6 D, 7 S, 8 D

#### **3 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 on, 3 on, 4 in, 5 on, 6 in
- b Down: 2 top floor, 3 steps, 5 attic, 6 balcony, 7 entrance, 9 roof Across: 2 terrace, 4 path, 6 basement, 8 ground floor, 10 gate, 11 chimney
- 2b, 3b, 4c, 5a, 6a, 7c, 8b, 9b, 10b, 11 a, 12 a

# Practical English

#### 1 MAKING SUGGESTIONS

- a 2 I'm not very keen on raw fish
  - 3 That's a great idea
  - 4 Why don't we try that new sushi restaurant
  - 5 What about having a Chinese
  - 6 Where shall we go for lunch
  - We could get a cab to save time
  - 8 How about going to an Italian restaurant
  - 9 Let's go there
- **b** 2 Let's go there
  - 3 How about going to an Italian
  - 4 Why don't we try that new sushi restaurant
  - I'm not very keen on raw fish
  - 6 what about having a Chinese
  - Why not
  - 8 We could get a cab to save time
  - 9 That's a great idea

# **2 VERB FORMS**

2 watch, 3 meeting, 4 play, 5 going, 6 eat out

# 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

2 why, 3 make, 4 off, 5 not, 6 word,

# Can you remember...? 1–7

# 1 GRAMMAR

1 's getting, 2 's been playing, 3 mustn't, 4 be able to, 5 have, 6 'd tell

# 2 VOCABULARY

1 sympathetic, 2 salary, 3 head, 4 coach, 5 plot, 6 shoulder

# 3 PRONUNCIATION

1 cinema, 2 cosy, 3 city, 4 stare, 5 fail

# 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

1 c, 2 a, 3 c, 4 b, 5 b, 6 a, 7 c, 8 b, 9 c, 10 b

# 8A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 sacked, 3 resign, 4 applied, 5 shifts, 6 promoted, 7 redundant, 8 training course, 9 set up, 10 ran, 11 retire
- 2 at, part-time
  - in, temporary
  - 4 in, full-time
  - for, unemployed
  - permanent, for 6
  - freelance, for
- 2 translator
- employment
- 4 pharmacist
- 5 retirement
- promotion
- lawyer
- 8 scientist
- 9 resignation application
- 11 farmer
- 12 qualifications
- d 2 fired
- work
- 4 run
- 5 fired
- 6 market
- company
- 8 market 9
- work
- 10 run

#### **2 PRONUNCIATION**

- 2 apply
  - 3 employment
  - 4 farmer
  - 5 freelance
  - 6 lawyer
  - musician
  - 8 permanent 9
  - pharmacist
  - 10 promotion
  - 11 qualification
  - 12 qualify
  - 13 redundant 14 resignation
- 15 retire
- 16 retirement
- <u>sci</u>entist 17
- 18 temporary
- 19 translation
- 20 unemployed

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 a, 3 b, 4 c, 5 a, 6 b, 7 c, 8 a, 9 b, 10 a
- 3 asked me to wait 4 /

  - 5 I promise not to laugh 6

  - went on studying

  - I don't mind staying in

#### 2 talking

4

- 3 to tell
- to turn off not speaking
- laugh
- 7 Being able to
- 8 not to charge

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 it was
  - 3 told me
  - 4 she bought
  - might
  - 6 if I could
  - had to
  - 8 the dress suited me
  - 9 I wanted
  - 10 had forgotten
- b 2 told, 3 said, 4 told, 5 told, 6 said
- c 2 if I had / 'd seen his wallet, (that) I didn't know where it was
  - 3 if her school shoes still fit her, me (that) they fit her perfectly
  - how much he had / 'd paid for his jacket, (that) it had been a bargain
  - where I was going the next day, her (that) I was meeting some friends
  - 6 if he needed anything from the shop, (that) he wanted some chocolate
  - if we had / 'd enjoyed our stay, her (that) it had been very enjoyable
  - when I was going shopping, (that) I might go on Saturday

#### 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2b, a, 3a, b, 4a, b, 5b, a, 6a, b, 7 b, a, 8 a, b
- 2 service
  - 3 treatment
  - agreement
- 5 improvement 6 argument
- 7 valuation
- achievement
- choice
- 10 management
- 11 demonstration
- 12 sale
- 13 consideration
- 14 failure
- 15 temptation
- payment
- complaint
- 4 attachment
- response explanation
- success
- 8 compensation

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 certain
  - 3 said
  - 4 railway 5 captain
  - brain

# 9A

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 would have
- 3 had
- 4 had
- 5 would / 've have
- would / 'd have
- had
- 8 had/'d
- 2 would / 'd have arrived
  - hadn't booked
  - had / 'd checked
  - hadn't been
  - wouldn't have made
  - had / 'd known
  - wouldn't have invited
  - 9 hadn't been
- 10 wouldn't have got
- c 2 I hadn't passed my final exams
- she would / 'd have got the job
- 4 we hadn't had lunch before we left
- 5 we would / 'd have played tennis
- 6 you had / 'd followed my directions
- I would / 'd have won that game 8 he wouldn't have broken them

### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 would have gone
  - would have bought
  - 4 would have stayed
  - 5 would have got
- 6 would have helped

## **3 VOCABULARY**

- a 3 fortunate, 4 unfortunate, 5 careful, 6 careless, 7 patient, 8 impatient, 9 lucky, 10 unlucky
- b 2 impatiently, 3 carelessly, 4 Fortunately, 5 unlucky
- c 3 possible, 4 impossible, 5, selfish, 6 unselfish, 7 useful, 8 useless, 9 suitable, 10 unsuitable, 13 possibly,
  - 14 impossibly, 15 selfishly, 16 unselfishly, 17 usefully, 18 uselessly, 19 suitably, 20 unsuitably
- d 2 selfishly, 3 useless, 4 successful, 5 unsuitably
- 2 impatient, 3 uncomfortable, 4 lucky, 5 desperately, 6 Unfortunately, 7 Luckily, 8 comfortable, 9 carefully

# 9B

# 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 printer, 3 speaker, 4 adaptor, 5 remote control, 6 socket, 7 charger, 8 switch, 9 plug, 10 USB cable, 11 memory stick,
- 11 router **b** 2 memory stick, 3 charger, 4 printer, 5 USB cable, 6 keyboard, 7 remote control, 8 adaptor, 9 speaker, 10 router, 11 plug, socket
- c Down: 3 plug in, 4 switch off, 5 turn down, 6 update, 9 set Across: 2 unplug, 4 switch on, 7 delete, 8 install

# **ANSWER KEY**

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2b, 3b, c, 4c, 5a, b, c, 6b, 7b, 8a, 9 c, 10 a, 11 a, 12 b
- b 2 enough, too expensive / too much
  - a little, much
  - 4 too many, enough
  - 5 no, any
  - 6 few, many
- c 2 much money
  - 3 any buses

  - 4 very few people
  - 5 old enough
  - 6 very little / no work
  - too much / a lot of / lots of / loads of
  - 8 no paper
  - 9 a lot of / lots of / loads of traffic
  - 10 too many / a lot of / lots of / loads of
  - a few / some phone calls
  - 12 too small

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 updated it
  - turned it down
  - deleted it
  - plugged it in
  - switched it off
  - unplugged it
  - 8 turned it up
- 2 although
  - 3 through
  - 4 laughed

# Practical English

# **1 INDIRECT QUESTIONS**

- 2 goes
  - I can
  - 4 Lola is
  - 5 comes
  - vou're
  - 7 the restaurant closes
  - 8 you spoke to
- 2 what time it arrives
  - 3 which stop the bus goes from
  - 4 how much a one way ticket costs
  - 5 if I need to change buses
  - 6 how much discount I get with a student card
- c 2 Could you tell me how much a one way ticket costs?
  - 3 Can you tell me how much discount I get with a student card?
  - 4 I wonder if I need to change buses.
  - 5 do you know what time it arrives?

#### **3 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

2 I guess, 3 Of course, 4 It's obvious, 5 What if, 6 either

# Can you remember...? 1–9

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- 1 have / 've known
- 2 didn't use to
- might / may / could be
- 4 would / 'd walk
- 5 to tidy
- 6 had / 'd been

#### 2 VOCABULARY

1 duck, 2 couple, 3 script, 4 degree, 5 gate, 6 apply for

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

1 course, 2 loan, 3 router, 4 floor, 5 nose

#### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

1 c, 2 a, 3 b, 4 a, 5 c, 6 c, 7 a, 8 a, 9 c, 10 a, 11 b, 12 c

# 10A

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 3 whose
  - that / which
  - 5 who
  - 6 where
  - who
  - 8 whose where
  - 10 that / which
- b sentence 4
- c 2 he, 3 there, 4 it, 5 her, 6 there, 7 it, 8 it, 9 them, 10 it
- d 2 where the Mona Lisa can be seen
  - 3 which is in the Himalayas
  - 4 which was opened in China in 2011
  - whose husband is a Spanish footballer
  - 6 who helped hundreds of slaves to escape

# 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 seat belt
  - 3 headphones
  - memory stick
  - 5 traffic jam
  - ground floor
  - football pitch
  - 8 classmates
  - 9 desk lamp
- b 2 top floor
  - soundtrack
  - 4 training course
  - 5 flatmate
  - boarding school
  - cycle lane
  - 8 rush hour
  - speed camera
  - 10 science fiction

#### 2 tap water

- 3 remote control
- 4 special effects
- 5 road works
- golf course
- olive oil
- text message
- 9 electricity bill
- 10 sports hall

The missing compound noun is 'speed limit'.

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 keyboard
  - 3 profile page
  - 4 parking fine
  - 5 ringtone
  - 6 secondary school
  - 7 tennis court
  - 8 traffic lights
- 1 cleaning, 2 keyboard, 3 profile, 4 parking, 5 ringtone, 6 secondary, 7 tennis, 8 traffic

# 10B

### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 Detectives
  - solve
  - victim
  - suspects
  - Witnesses
  - murderer
  - evidence prove
- 2 murder
  - victim
  - evidence
  - witnesses
  - murderer
  - suspects solve
  - 9 prove

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 were you
  - didn't you
- haven't you
- 5 aren't you
- doesn't he
- haven't you 8 wouldn't you
- b 2 do you, 3 is it, 4 doesn't he, 5 didn't they, 6 has she, 7 aren't I, 8 won't you, 9 would I, 10 have you
- c 2 You're younger than me, aren't you
  - You don't like cheese, do you
- Your brother lives abroad, doesn't he
- You studied physics, didn't you We've been here before, haven't we
- You wouldn't do that, would you 8 The flight won't be cancelled, will it



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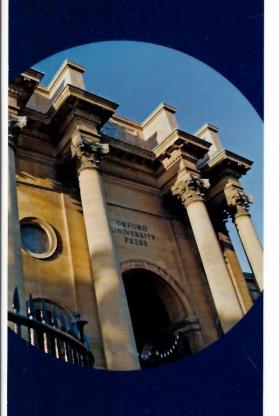
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